

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



TYPE 1114-A

FREQUENCY DIVIDER

TYPE 1114-A

TYPE 1114-A

GENERAL RADIO COMPANY

A



File Courtesy of GRWiki.org



OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

TYPE 1114-A

FREQUENCY DIVIDER

Form 1114-0100-A
October, 1965

G E N E R A L R A D I O C O M P A N Y
W E S T C O N C O R D , M A S S A C H U S E T T S , U S A



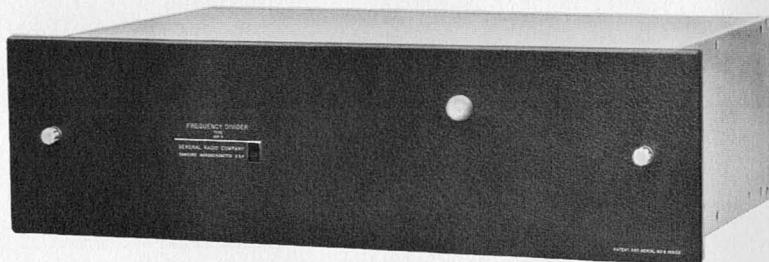


Figure 1-1. Panel view of the Type 1114-A Frequency Divider

SPECIFICATIONS

Input: 5 Mc/s, 1 Mc/s, 100 kc/s, 50 Ω, 1 V ± 50%.

Output (with 5-Mc input):

Sine Waves — 1 Mc/s 1 V {+50%} {−10%} into 50 Ω
 100 kc/s 1 V {+50%} {−10%} into 50 Ω
 10 kc/s 1 V {+50%} {−10%} into 600 Ω
 100 c/s 1 V {+50%} {−10%} into 600 Ω
 *400 c/s 1 V {+50%} {−10%} into 600 Ω
 *60 c/s 1 V {+50%} {−10%} into 600 Ω

* Optional accessories.

Square Waves — 100 kc/s Approximately 7 V, p-to-p,
 10 kc/s open circuit

Spurious Signals: Better than 34 dB down.

Jitter: <0.5 ns for 100-cycle output with respect to 5-Mc input.

Optional Frequencies: 400 c/s; 60 c/s. See below.

Power Required: 105 to 130 or 210 to 260 V, 50 to 400 c/s; approximately 7 W.

Mechanical Data: Rack-bench Cabinet.

Model	Width in	Width mm	Height in	Height mm	Depth in	Depth mm	Net Wt lb	Net Wt kg	Ship Wt lb	Ship Wt kg
Bench	19	485	5 1/4	135	11 1/2	295	15	7	22	10
Rack	19	485	5 1/4	135	11*	280	15	7	22	10

* Behind panel.

See also *General Radio Experimenter*, April 1961.

U.S. Patent No. 2,548,457

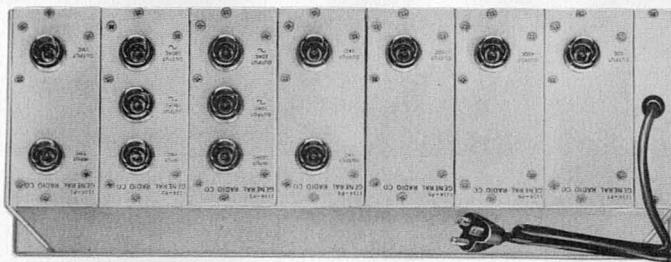


Figure 1-2. Rear view of the frequency divider, showing the plug-in units.

SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 DESCRIPTION.

The Type 1114-A Frequency Divider converts an input signal of 5 Mc/s, 1 Mc/s, or 100 kc/s into fundamental frequencies of 1 Mc/s, 100 kc/s, 10 kc/s, 1 kc/s and 100 c/s. Optional plug-in units for 400 c/s and 60 c/s are available. Figure 1-3 is a block diagram of the divider. The 5:1-Mc/s divider is a regenerative modulator system, while the lower-frequency dividers are of the switching type. The divider is completely mono-

stable — there is no output when the driving signal is absent. All output frequencies are available as sine waves.

The regenerative Type 1114-P1 unit divides the 5- or 2.5-Mc/s frequency to 1 Mc/s. Each of the following units (Types 1114-P2 through -P5) divides by 10. The optional 400-cycle unit (Type 1114-P6) selects the second harmonic of a 200-cycle signal, and the optional 60-cycle unit (Type 1114-P7) divides 200 by 10 and selects the third harmonic of the 20-cycle signal.

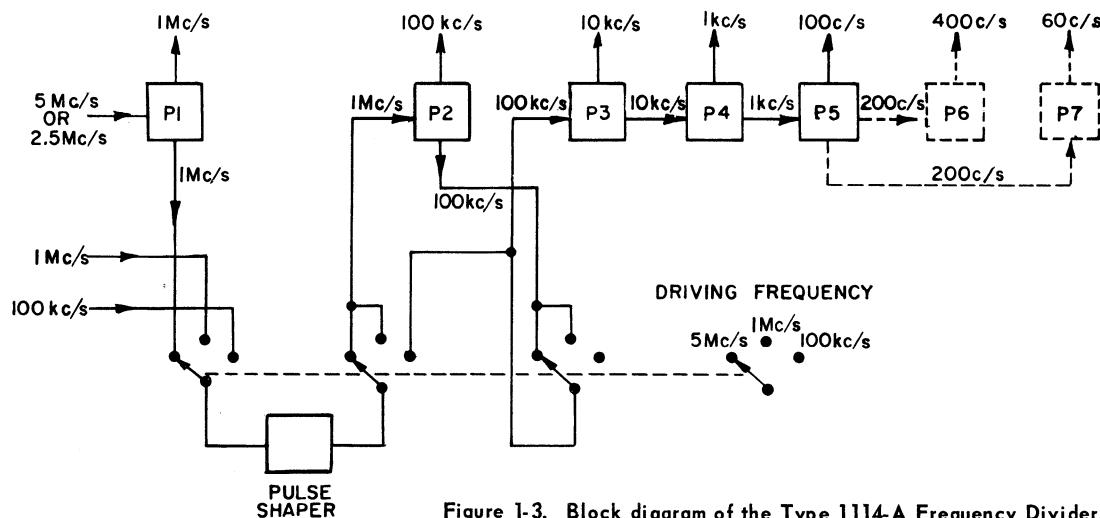


Figure 1-3. Block diagram of the Type 1114-A Frequency Divider.



SECTION 2

OPERATING PROCEDURE

2.1 MOUNTING.

The instrument is available equipped for either bench or relay-rack mounting. For bench mounting, aluminum end frames are supplied to fit the ends of the cabinet. Each end frame is attached to the instrument with a panel screw and four 10-32 round-head screws with notched washers.

For rack mounting, special rack-mounting brackets are supplied to attach the cabinet and instrument to the relay-rack (see Figure 2-1). These brackets permit either cabinet or instrument to be withdrawn independently of the other.

To install the instrument in a relay-rack:

a. Attach each mounting bracket (A) to the rack with two 10-32 round-head screws (B). Use the inside holes on the brackets.

b. Slide the instrument onto the brackets as far as it will go.

c. Insert the two panel screws with attached washers (C) through the panel and the bracket and thread them into the rack.

d. Toward the rear of each bracket, put a thumb screw (D) through the slot in the bracket and into the hole in the side of the cabinet.

e. On the rear of the cabinet, remove the two round-head screws that hold the cabinet to the instrument.

To remove the instrument from the rack, remove only the two panel screws with washers (C) and draw the instrument forward out of the rack. To remove the cabinet and leave the instrument mounted in the rack, remove only the two thumb screws (D) at the rear of the brackets and pull the cabinet back off the instrument from the rear of the rack.

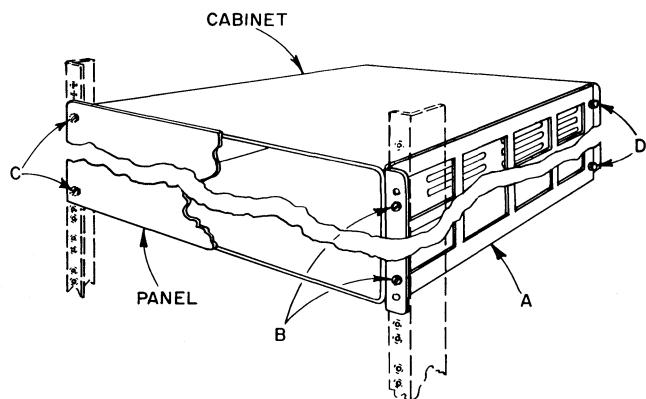


Figure 2-1. Installation of relay-rack model.

2.2 POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2.2.1 NORMAL OPERATION.

The Type 1114-A Frequency Divider can be driven by any oscillator capable of supplying 1 volt rms into 50 ohms at 5 Mc/s, 1 Mc/s, or 100 kc/s. At 5 Mc/s, the input should be sinusoidal; at 1 Mc/s and 100 kc/s, square waves and pulses can be used. The input voltage requirement for nonsinusoidal waveforms is from 1.5 to 5 volts peak-to-peak. With nonsinusoidal waveforms, it is important that the pulse shaper be adjusted as described in paragraph 4.3.2.

The DRIVING FREQ switch behind the front panel of the Type 1114-A should be set to the appropriate position, and the signal applied to the appropriate input connector (5 Mc/s, 1 Mc/s, or 100 kc/s). As part of a Type 1120 system, the unit is driven by a 5-Mc/s input from the Type 1113-A and the switch should always be in the 5 Mc/s position.

2.2.2 230-VOLT OPERATION.

The Type 1114-A is normally supplied for 115-volt operation. For 230-volt use, the following changes must

be made. On the transformer terminal board on top of the power supply, remove the two jumpers (terminals 1 to 3 and 2 to 4), and connect an insulated jumper between terminals 2 and 3. Replace the 0.1-amp slow-blow fuse with one rated at 0.05 amp.

2.2.3 BATTERY OPERATION.

The Type 1114-A can be operated from a 20-to-30-volt battery if the positive side is grounded. Remove the line cord and replace with a cable suitable for battery connection (the line cord may be used if the ac line plug is removed and replaced with a suitable terminal that cannot accidentally connect to the power line). Unsolder the two connections at the left-hand side of the fuse holder. Connect the fuse in the negative lead through a diode to the emitter of the power transistor Q806 or any equivalent point.

The diode protects the circuit from reversed battery polarity. If it is left out, the regulator will be damaged instantly if the wrong polarity is applied. The diode may be any unit with an inverse rating of at least 50 volts and average forward current of 250 ma. A 1N1692 is suitable.





SECTION 3

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

3.1 REGENERATIVE DIVIDER.

The 5:1-Mc/s regenerative divider is shown in elementary form in Figure 3-1. To explain its operation, let us assume the presence of a small 1-Mc/s noise voltage in the 1-Mc/s circuit. This is multiplied to 4-Mc/s, which is fed back to the mixer and heterodyned with the 5-Mc/s input, increasing the 1-Mc/s output. This action is regenerative and may be compared with the starting of an oscillator.

This regenerative process produces a 1-Mc/s sine wave output, which is formed into pulses to drive the lower-frequency switching-type dividers. If a 1-Mc/s or 100-kc/s input is used, the pulses are generated at the input frequency. The operating conditions of the circuit are set to obtain limiting on a few tenths of a volt input, and the output is essentially constant over 5:1 drive range. For 2.5-Mc/s input, the mixer generates the 5-Mc/s second harmonic and works as described above, dividing effectively by 2/5.

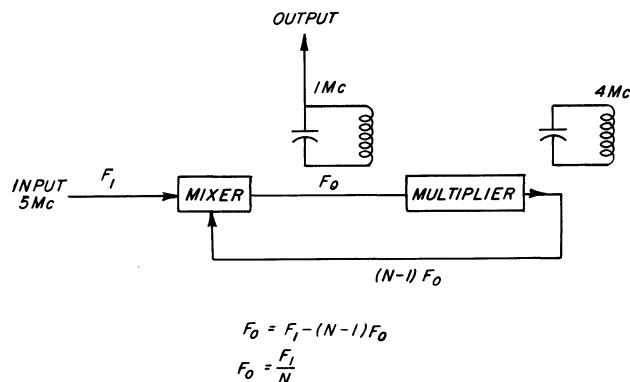


Figure 3-1. Block diagram of the Type 1114-P1 regenerative divider.

3.2 LOWER-FREQUENCY DIVIDERS.

The lower-frequency dividers are of the "switching" type. Figure 3-2 is a block diagram. The input signal, a squarewave, is differentiated. The trigger generator is an amplifier generating short, positive trigger pulses. They are used to drive a monostable multivibrator (one-shot). The time constant of this circuit is chosen to reset at every fifth trigger pulse. Hence, one output pulse is generated for every five input pulses. The next stage is a bistable multivibrator (flip-flop). The square wave from this flip-flop is one tenth of the input frequency. A narrow-band filter selects the fundamental component that is available at the output terminal.

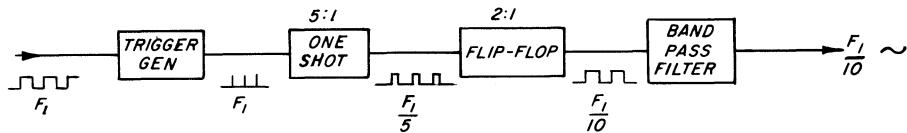


Figure 3-2. Typical switching divider for lower frequencies.

Below 1 Mc/s, switching dividers have high phase stability so that the output signals can be used for the generation of high-order harmonic spectra with a minimum of phase modulation. For such applications, square-wave outputs are provided at 100 kc/s and 10kc/s in addition to the sine-wave outputs.

3.3 STABILITY.

The phase stability of the divider may be expressed in two ways: either in degrees phase angle of the output, or in terms of absolute time variation (jitter). Switching dividers may be assumed to have constant rise time regardless of fundamental frequency so that the time jitter remains invariant. This means that the phase noise is reduced by an order of magnitude for each 10:1 division. Given an over-all division ratio of 1000, say from 1 Mc/s to 1 kc/s, and assuming that for each stage a switching divider contributed 1 ns, then we will have a total of 3 ns time jitter at the 1-kc/s output.

While this hypothetical example is for illustrative purposes only, measurements have shown similar jitter results with such circuits. A typical figure for the cir-

cuits of the Type 1114-A is an average of 0.05 ns of jitter per decade. The measurement was made with a sampling oscilloscope measuring the total jitter of the 100-c/s output with respect to the 5-Mc/s input.

3.4 POWER SUPPLY AND GENERAL.

Transistors are used throughout for reliability, small size, and low power consumption.

All units are powered by a single power supply of -18 volts (positive side grounded). A high-gain series regulator reduces hum and permits unregulated dc input of -20 to -30 volts. The built-in rectifier operates from 100 to 130 (or 200 to 260) volts, 50 to 400 c/s.

In cases where direct battery operation is desired, a 20- to 30-V battery may be connected to the regulator input, provided its positive side can be grounded. The total drain will be less than 200 mA (5 W at 24 V). The front panel can be removed to make test points easily accessible from the front of the relay rack. Plug-in units for the desired output frequencies are inserted from the rear.

**SECTION 4****SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE****4.1 WARRANTY.**

We warrant that each new instrument sold by us is free from defects in material and workmanship, and that, properly used, it will perform in full accordance with applicable specifications for a period of two years after original shipment. Any instrument or component that is found within the two-year period not to meet these standards after examination by our factory, district office, or authorized repair agency personnel, will be repaired, or, at our option, replaced without charge, except for tubes or batteries that have given normal service.

4.2 SERVICE.

The two-year warranty stated above attests the quality of materials and workmanship in our products. When difficulties do occur, our service engineers will assist in any way possible. If the difficulty cannot be eliminated by use of the following service instructions, please write or phone our Service Department (see rear cover), giving full information of the trouble and of steps taken to remedy it. Be sure to mention the serial and type numbers of the instrument.

Before returning an instrument to General Radio for service, please write to our Service Department or nearest district office, requesting a Returned Material Tag. Use of this tag will ensure proper handling and identification. For instruments not covered by the warranty, a purchase order should be forwarded to avoid unnecessary delay.

4.3 ADJUSTMENTS.**4.3.1 POWER SUPPLY.**

To set the regulator output adjust R802 for -18 volts, as measured from the point indicated in Figure 4-1 to chassis.

4.3.2 PULSE SHAPER.

Connect a 1-Mc/s signal to the INPUT 1-Mc/s connector in back of the instrument. Set the DRIVING FREQ switch to 1 Mc. Connect an oscilloscope to the output terminal of the pulse shaper. (See Figure 4-1). Adjust R906 for best sensitivity and output waveform as shown in Figure 4-3A. Not more than 1 volt peak-to-peak drive should be required for proper operation.

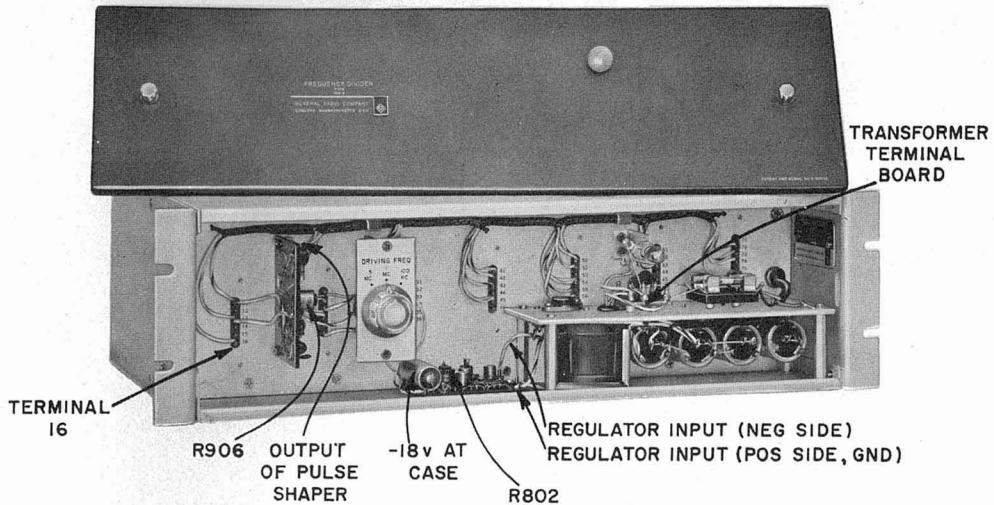


Figure 4-1. Front view of the Type 1114-A Frequency Divider.

4.3.3 TYPE 1114-P1 5-TO-1-MC DIVIDER.

- Remove the unit from the cabinet and connect it to the assembly using the Type 1114-P9 Servicing Extension.
- Apply a 5-Mc/s (± 1 kc/s) 1-volt rms signal to the input terminal.
- Connect an oscilloscope to TP101.
- Adjust trimmer capacitors C103 and C109 for a maximum 4-Mc/s signal.
- Reduce the 5-Mc/s input to zero. The 4-Mc/s signal should disappear.
- Slowly increase the 5-Mc/s input to 0.35 volt rms. If the 4-Mc/s signal does not appear, increase the capacitance of C109 slightly for maximum amplitude of the 4-Mc/s signal. (See Figures 4-3B and 4-3C.)
- Vary the input from 0.3 to 1.5 volts rms and carefully observe the waveform at TP102. There must be no trace of any lower-frequency envelope over the range of input voltage. If there is, adjust C103 slightly until the 1-Mc/s output at TP102 is clean.
- Connect a 50-ohm load to the 1-Mc/s output terminal and an oscilloscope across it. Adjust T102 for maximum amplitude.
- Set the DRIVING FREQ switch to 5 Mc/s and connect the oscilloscope to terminal 16 on the female connector for the plug-in unit (the terminal numbers are stamped on the front of the main mounting plate). Adjust T101 for maximum amplitude.

4.3.4 TYPE 1114-P2 1-MC to 100-KC DIVIDER.

- Remove the unit from the cabinet and connect it to the assembly using the Type 1114-P9 Servicing Extension.
- Connect a 5-Mc/s (± 1 kc/s) 1-volt rms signal to the 5-Mc/s input terminal of the Type 1114-P1.
- Connect an oscilloscope to TP301 and adjust R208 for a waveform as shown in Figure 4-3D.

- Find the limits of the potentiometer (R208) setting, and set the potentiometer for the highest resistance showing proper waveform (this is near the point where the pulse duration increases).

4.3.5 TYPE 1114-P3 100-TO-10KC DIVIDER.

- Remove the unit from the cabinet and connect it to the assembly using the Type 1114-P9 Servicing Extension.
- Connect a 5-Mc/s (± 1 kc/s) 1-volt rms signal to the 5-Mc/s input terminal of the Type 1114-P1.
- Connect an oscilloscope to TP301 and adjust R308 for a waveform as shown in Figure 4-3F.
- Find the limits of the potentiometer (R308) setting, and set the potentiometer for the highest resistance showing proper waveform (this is near the point where the pulse duration increases).

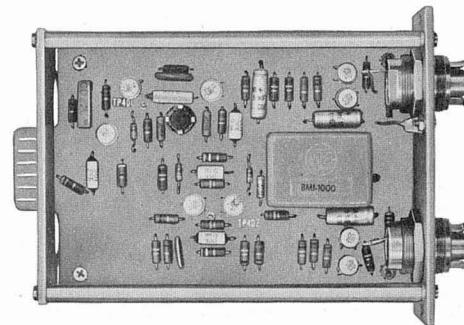


Figure 4-2. View of typical plug-in unit.

**4.3.6 TYPE 1114-P4 10-TO-1-KC DIVIDER.**

- a. Remove the unit from the cabinet and connect it to the assembly using the Type 1114-P9 Servicing Extension.
- b. Connect a 5-Mc/s (± 1 kc/s) 1-volt rms signal to the 5-Mc input terminal of the Type 1114-P1.
- c. Connect an oscilloscope to TP401 and adjust R408 for a waveform as shown in Figure 4-3H.
- d. Find the limits of the potentiometer (R408) setting, and set the potentiometer for the highest resistance showing proper waveform (this is near the point where the pulse duration increases).

4.3.7 TYPE 1114-P5 1-KC TO 100-CPS DIVIDER.

- a. Remove the unit from the cabinet and connect it to the assembly using the Type 1114-P9 Servicing Extension.
- b. Connect a 5-Mc/s (± 1 kc/s) 1-volt rms signal to the 5-Mc/s input terminal of the Type 1114-P1.
- c. Connect an oscilloscope to TP501 and adjust R509 for a waveform as shown in Figure 4-3J.

- d. Find the limits of the potentiometer (R509) setting, and set the potentiometer for the highest resistance showing proper waveform (this is near the point where the pulse duration increases).

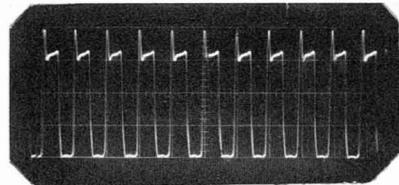
4.3.8 TYPE 1114-P6 400-CPS UNIT.

No adjustment of this unit should be required.

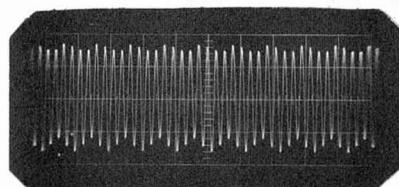
4.3.9 TYPE 1114-P7 60-CPS DIVIDER.

- a. Remove the unit from the cabinet and connect it to the assembly using the Type 1114-P9 Servicing Extension.
- b. Connect a 5-Mc/s (± 1 kc/s) 1-volt rms signal to the 5-Mc/s input terminal of the Type 1114-P1.
- c. Connect an oscilloscope to TP701 and adjust R703 for a waveform as shown in Figure 4-3L.
- d. Find the limits of the potentiometer (R703) setting, and set the potentiometer for the highest resistance showing proper waveform (this is near the point where the pulse duration increases).

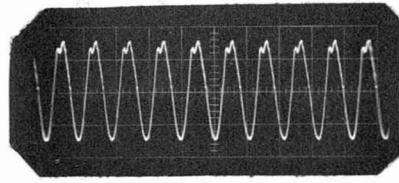
Figure 4-3. Waveforms for proper operating conditions at test points in the Type 1114-A Frequency Divider.



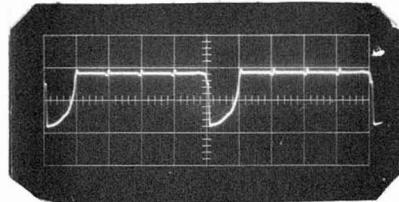
A. Output of pulse shaper. $1 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $2 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



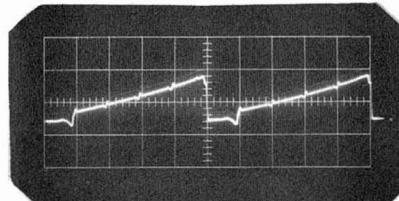
B. TP101
 $1 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $0.5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



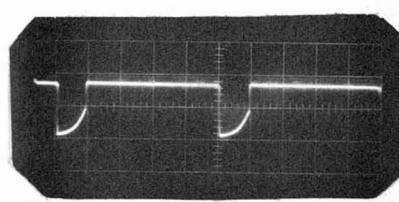
C. TP102.
 $1 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $0.5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



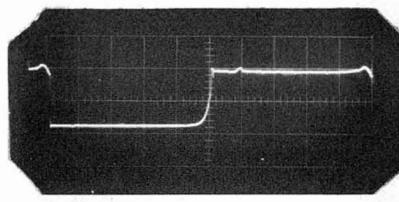
D. TP201
 $1 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



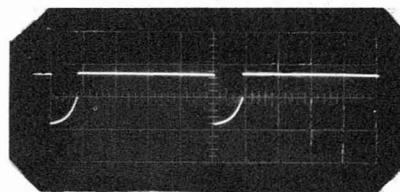
E. TP202
 $1 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



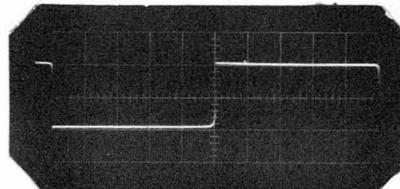
F. TP301
 $10 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



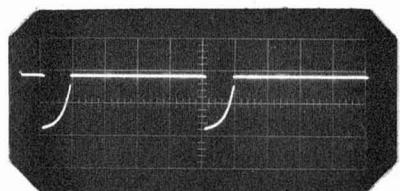
G. TP302
 $10 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



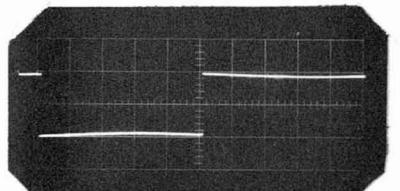
H. TP401
 $100 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



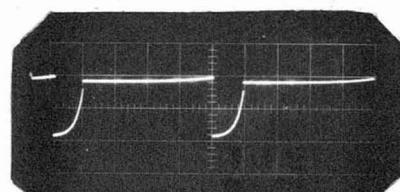
I. TP402.
 $100 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



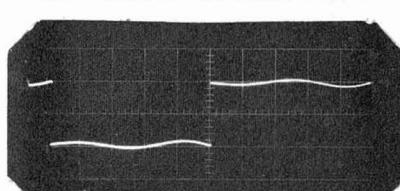
J. TP501.
 $1 \text{ms}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



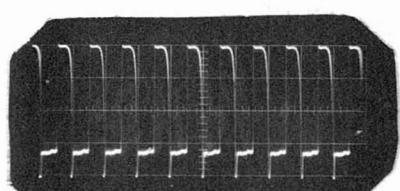
K. TP502.
 $1 \text{ms}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



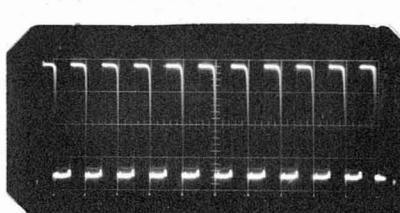
L. TP701.
 $5 \text{ms}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



M. TP702.
 $5 \text{ms}/\text{cm}$,
 $5 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



N. 100 KC \square
output. $10 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $2 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.



O. 10 KC \square
output. $100 \mu\text{s}/\text{cm}$,
 $2 \text{V}/\text{cm}$.

TABLE 4-1. VOLTAGE AND RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS FOR TYPE 1114-A.

TRANSISTOR (TYPE)	PIN	DC VOLTS	TRANSISTOR (TYPE)	PIN	DC VOLTS	TRANSISTOR (TYPE)	PIN	DC VOLTS
Q101 (2N1396)	E B C	-0.3 -0.4 -18	Q401 (2N404)	E B C	0 0 -18	Q603 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.2 -8.4 -18
Q102 (2N1372)	E B C	-2.6 -2.8 -18	Q402 (2N404)	E B C	-9.4 -9 -18	Q701 (2N404)	E B C	-7.2 -6.9 -18
Q103 (2N1396)	E B C	-0.3 -0.9 -18	Q403 (2N520A)	E B C	-9.4 -9.6 -9.5	Q702 (2N520A)	E B C	-7.2 -7.4 -8.7
Q104 (2N1372)	E B C	-2.6 -2.8 -1.8	Q404 (2N404)	E B C	-6.5 -7 -7	Q703 (2N404)	E B C	-5.8 -5 -16.5
Q201 (2N645A)	E B C	0 0 -18	Q405 (2N404)	E B C	-6.5 -5 -16	Q704 (2N404)	E B C	-5.8 -6.2 -6
Q202 (2N582)	E B C	-9 -8.8 -18	Q406 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.9 -9 -18	Q705 (2N1374)	E B C	-9 -9.2 -18
Q203 (2N779)	E B C	-10.2 -9.6 -10.3	Q407 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.8 -8.9 -18	Q706 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.8 -9 -18
Q204 (2N582)	E B C	-6.5 -7 -7	Q408 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.9 -9 -18	Q801 (2N169A)	E B C	-8.6 -8.4 -5.4
Q205 (2N582)	E B C	-6.5 -5 -16	Q409 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.8 -8.9 -18	Q802 (2N169A)	E B C	-8.6 -8.4 -5.4
Q206 (2N169A)	E B C	-16.1 -16.1 0	Q501 (2N404)	E B C	0 0 -18	Q803 (2N1374)	E B C	-5.2 -5.4 -13.9
Q207 (2N1372)	E B C	-2.3 -2.5 -18	Q502 (2N404)	E B C	-7.2 -7 -18	Q804 (2N1374)	E B C	-5.2 -5.4 -12.4
Q208 (2N169A)	E B C	-7.7 -7.4 -7.4	Q503 (2N520A)	E B C	-7.2 -7.5 -8.9	Q805 (2N1374)	E B C	-2.7 -2.9 -5.2
Q301 (2N582)	E B C	0 0 -18	Q504 (2N169A)	E B C	-8.9 -8.7 -8.7	Q806 (2N1218)	E B C	-20 to -30* -19.5 to -29.5* -18
Q302 (2N404)	E B C	-9.5 -9.1 -18	Q505 (2M169A)	E B C	-17 -16.5 0	Q901 (2N582)	E B C	-4.4 -4.6 -17
Q303 (2N520A)	E B C	-9.5 -9.8 -9.6	Q506 (2N404)	E B C	-5.8 -5 -16.5	Q902 (2N582)	E B C	-10.7 -10.9 -11
Q304 (2N404)	E B C	-6.5 -7 -7	Q507 (2N404)	E B C	-5.8 -6.2 -6	Q903 (2N582)	E B C	-10.7 -8.1 -18
Q305 (2N404)	E B C	-6.5 -5 -16	Q508 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.9 -9 -18			
Q306 (2N1374)	E B C	-9 -9.1 -18	Q509 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.7 -8.9 -18			
Q307 (2N1374)	E B C	-8.8 -9 -18	Q601 (2N1374)	E B C	-1.6 -1.5 -18			
Q308 (2N169A)	E B C	-7.7 -7.4 -7.4	Q602 (2N1374)	E B C	-1.2 -1.6 -8.4			

NOTES:

conditions of measurement:

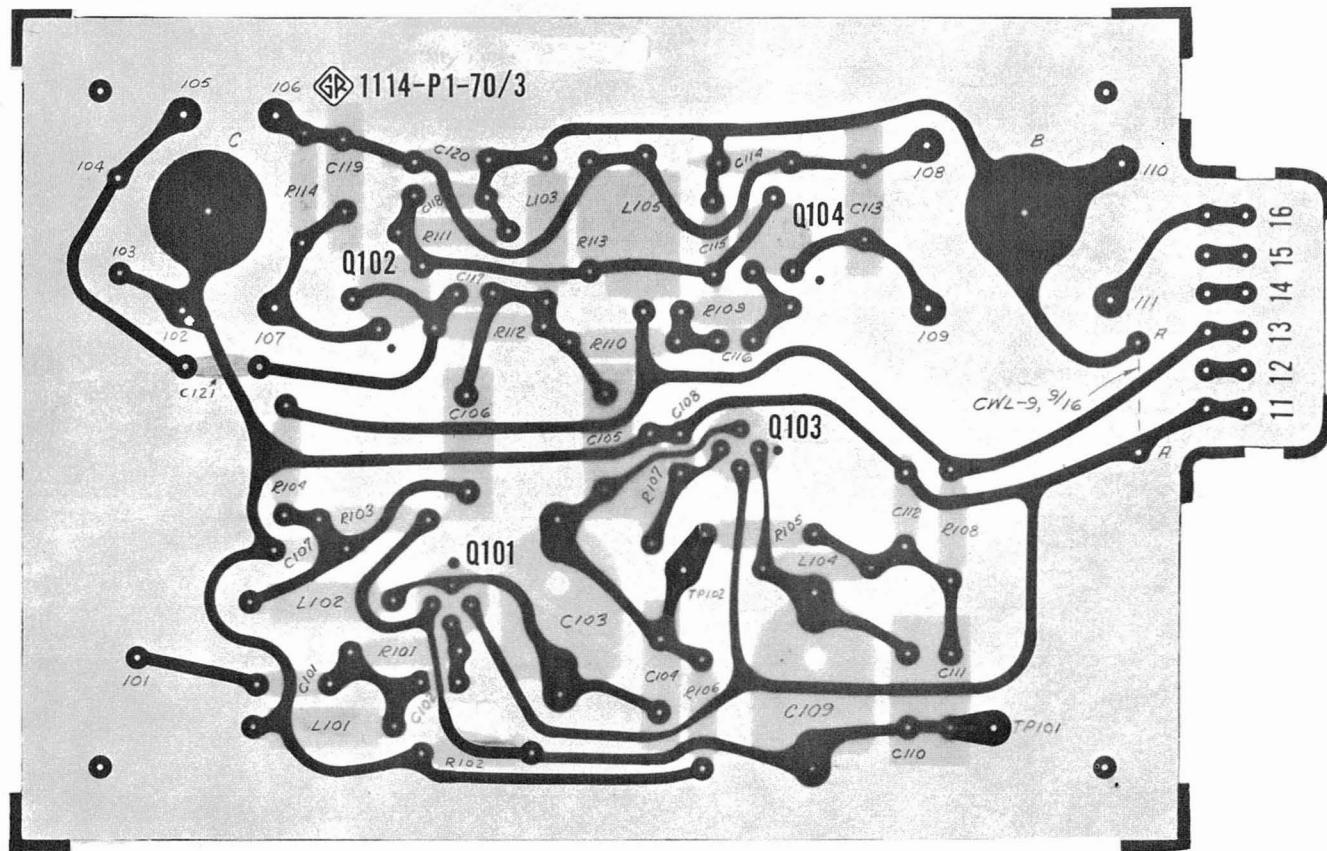
1. Power input 115V, 60 c/s.
2. No input signal.
3. All voltages measured with VTVM.

* Depending on line voltage.

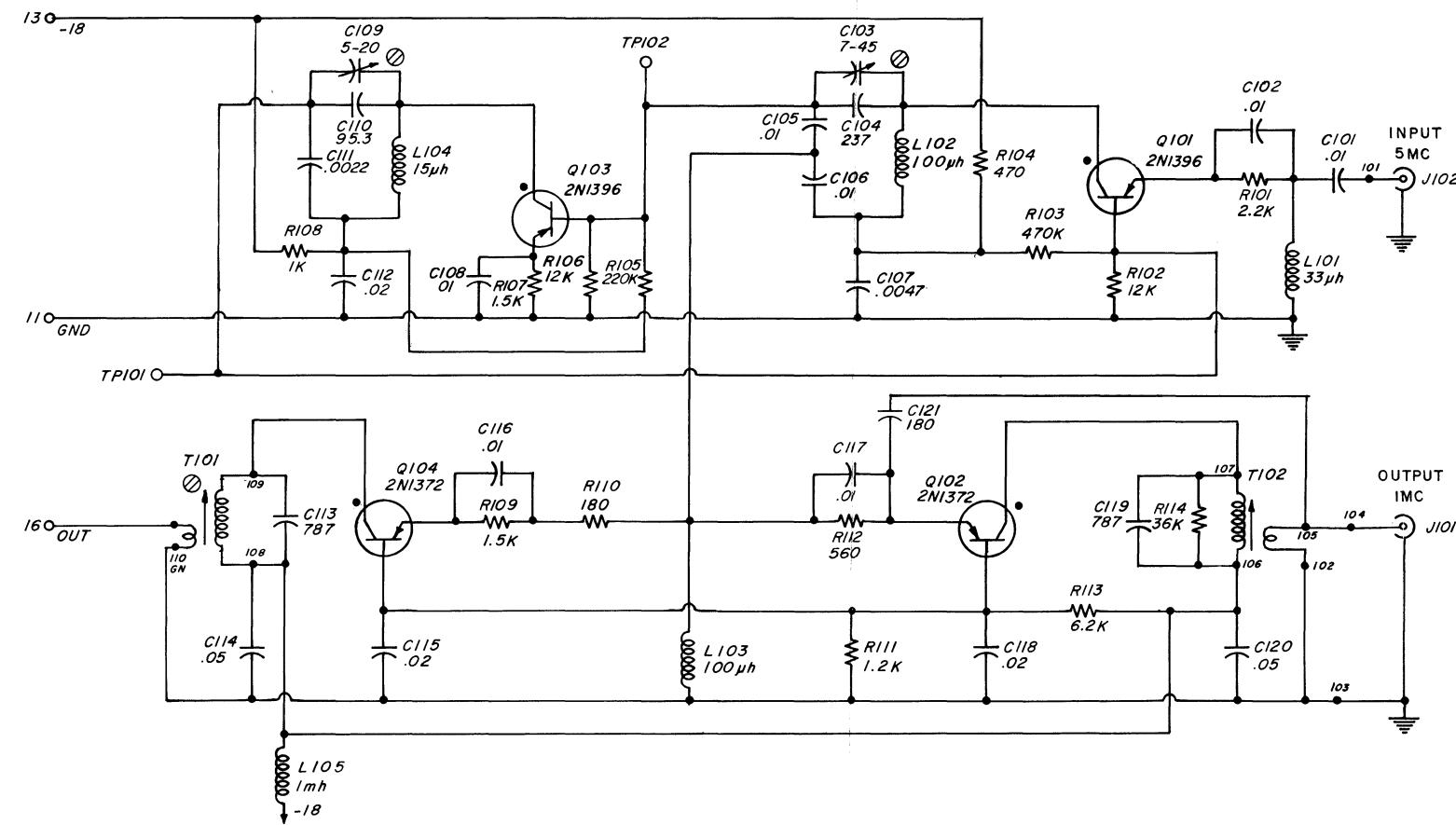
Do not attempt to measure resistances at these transistors.

PARTS LIST
TYPE 1114-P1 1-MC PLUG-IN UNIT

REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.	REF NO.	CAPACITORS	PART NO.
R101	Composition, $2.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2225	C112	Ceramic, $0.02\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4402-3200
R102	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125	C113	Mica, $787\text{pf} \pm 2\%$ 500dcwv	4590-0570
R103	Composition, $470k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-4475	C114	Ceramic, $0.05\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4403-3500
R104	Composition, $470\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1475	C115	Ceramic, $0.02\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4402-3200
R105	Composition, $220k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-4225	C116	Ceramic, $0.01\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100
R106	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125	C117	Ceramic, $0.01\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100
R107	Composition, $1.5k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2155	C118	Ceramic, $0.02\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4402-3200
R108	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105	C119	Mica, $787\text{pf} \pm 2\%$ 500dcwv	4590-0570
R109	Composition, $1.5k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2155	C120	Ceramic, $0.05\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4403-3500
R110	Composition, $180\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1185	C121	Ceramic, $180\text{pf} \pm 5\%$ 500dcwv	4404-1185
R111	Composition, $1.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2125			
R112	Composition, $560\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1565			
R113	Composition, $6.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2625			
R114	Composition, $36k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3365			
	CAPACITORS			MISCELLANEOUS	
C101	Ceramic, $0.01\mu\text{f} \pm 20\%$ 500dcwv	4406-3109	J101	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
C102	Ceramic, $0.01\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100	J102	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
C103	Trimmer, 7-45pf	4910-0100	L101	CHOKE, Metal 33 μh	4300-2900
C104	Mica, $237\text{pf} \pm 2\%$ 500dcwv	4590-0520	L102	INDUCTOR, 100 μh	1114-0401
C105	Mica, $0.01\mu\text{f} \pm 5\%$ 500dcwv	4540-0105	L103	INDUCTOR, 100 μh	1114-0401
C106	Mica, $0.01\mu\text{f} \pm 5\%$ 500dcwv	4540-0105	L104	CHOKE, Metal 15 μh	4300-2400
C107	Ceramic, $0.0047\mu\text{f} \pm 20\%$ 500dcwv	4406-2479	L105	CHOKE, Metal 1mh	4300-5000
C108	Ceramic, $0.01\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100	Q101	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1396	8210-1396
C109	Trimmer, 5-20pf	4910-0400	Q102	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1372	8210-1372
C110	Mica, $95.3\text{pf} \pm 2\%$ 500dcwv	4590-0390	Q103	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1396	8210-1396
C111	Mica, $0.0022\mu\text{f} \pm 5\%$ 500dcwv	4580-0500	Q104	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1372	8210-1372
			T101	TRANSFORMER	1114-2010
			T102	TRANSFORMER	1114-2010



Etched Board Layout, Type 1114-P1 1-Mc Plug-In Unit.

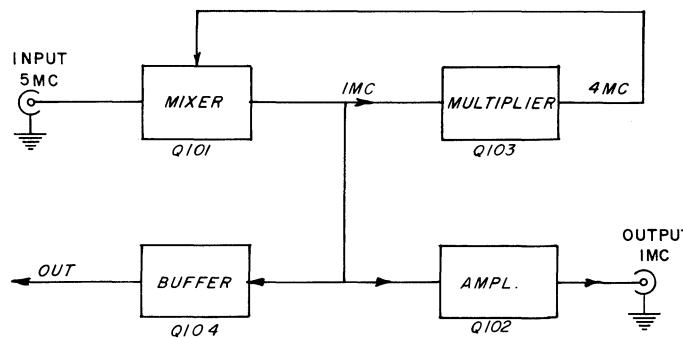
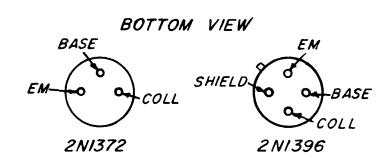


NOTES:

RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
RESISTANCE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 $K=1000$ $M=1$ MEGOHM

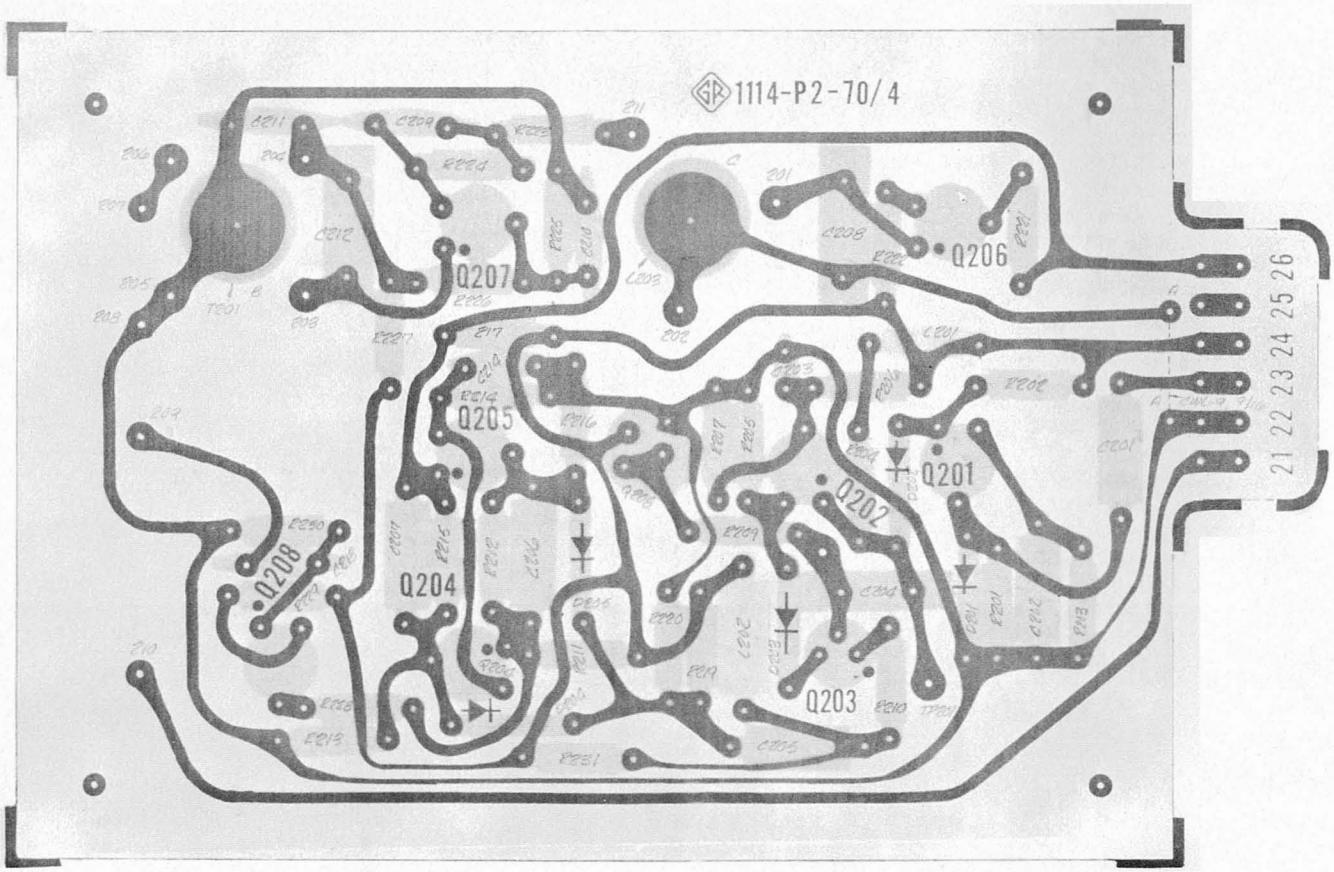
CAPACITANCE VALUES ONE & OVER IN MICROMICROFARADS, LESS THAN ONE IN MICROFARADS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

\oslash SCREWDRIVER CONTROL



Block Diagram

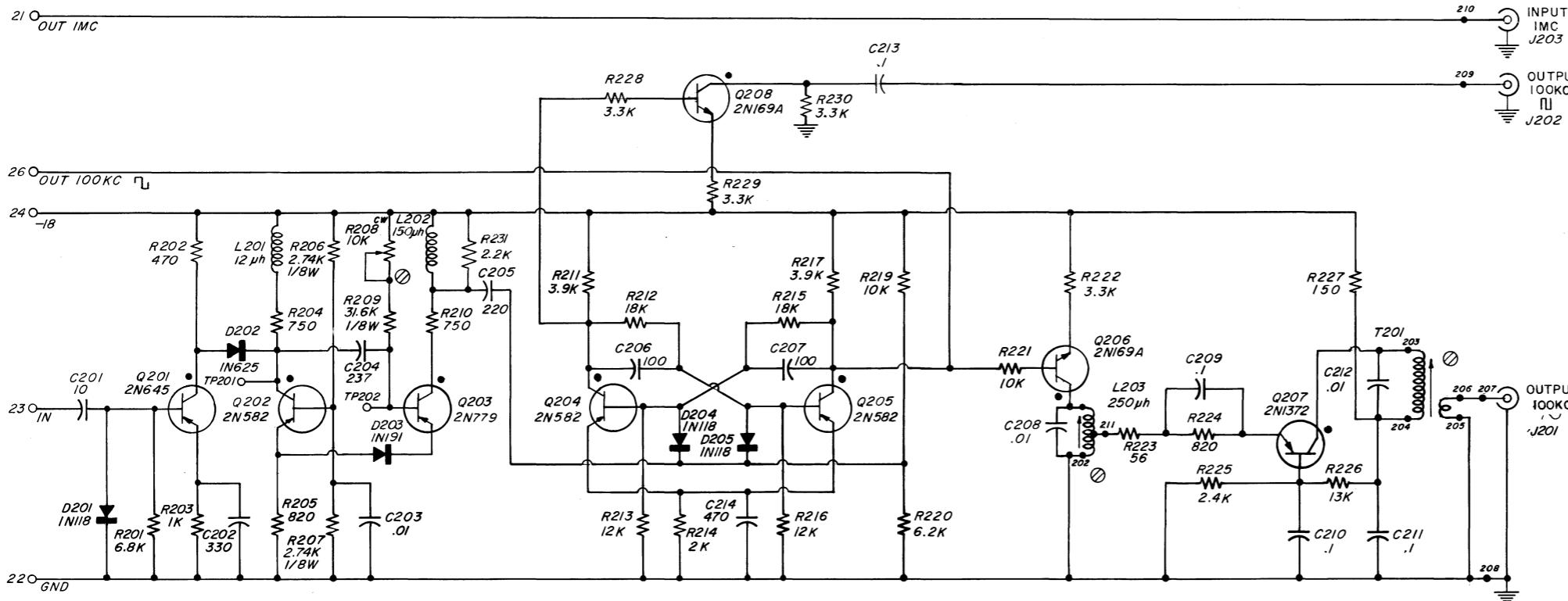




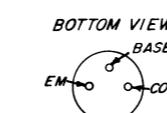
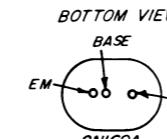
Etched Board Layout, Type 1114-P2 100-KC Plug-In Unit.

PARTS LIST

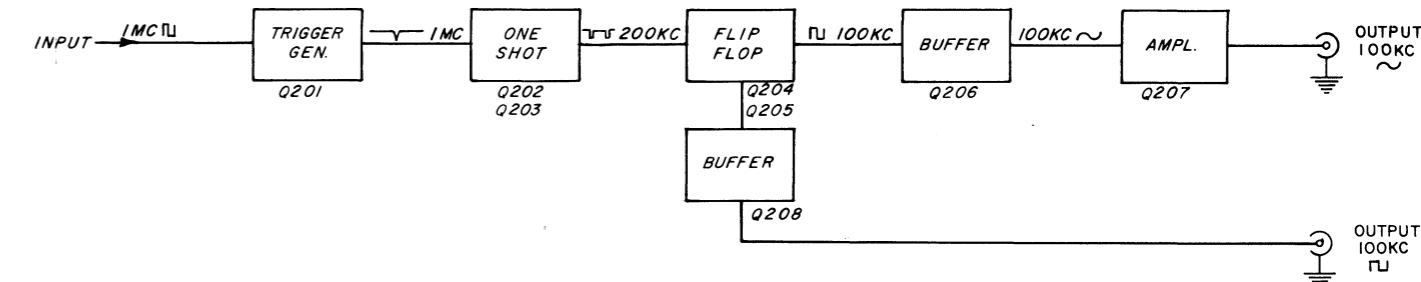
TYPE 1114-P2 100-KC PLUG-IN UNIT



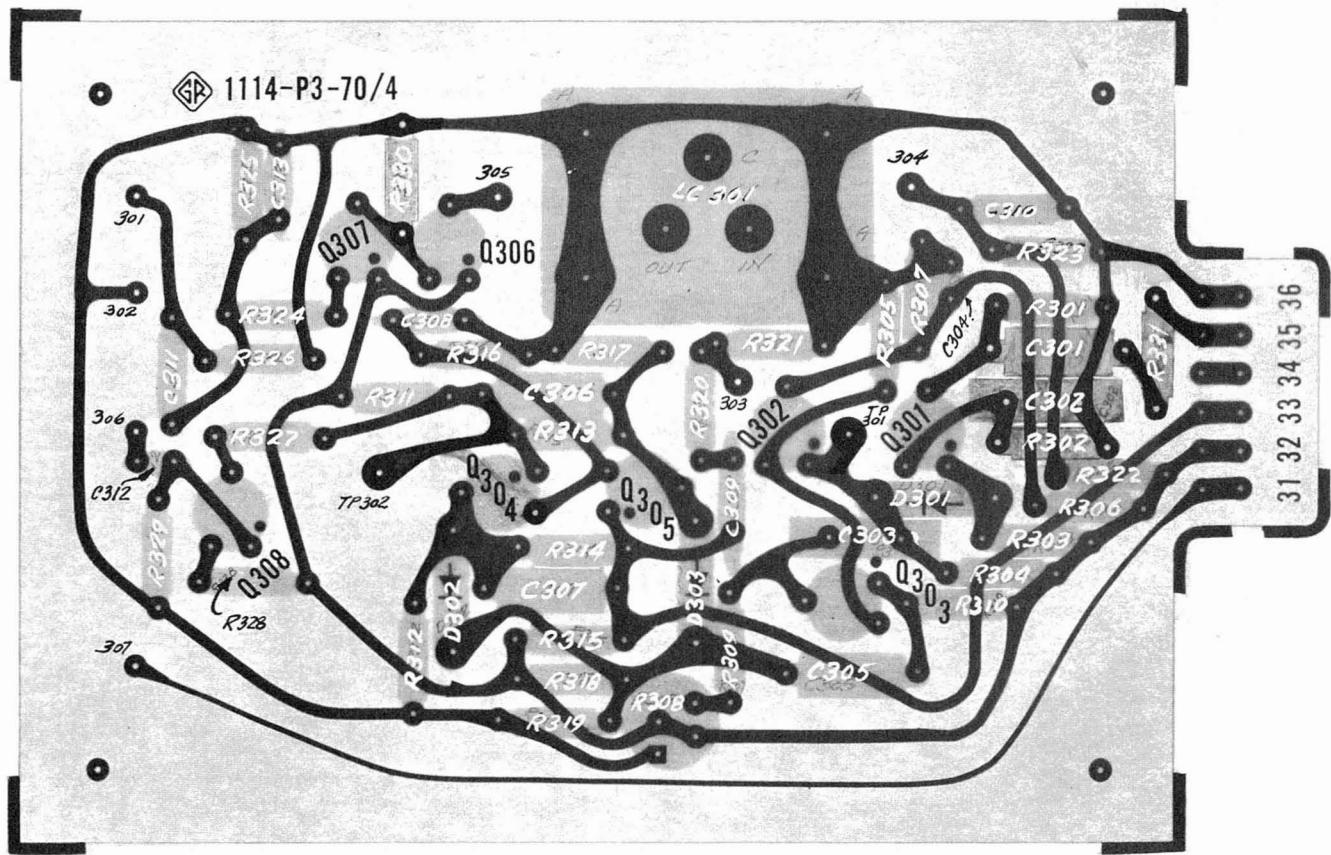
NOTES:
 RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 RESISTANCE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 $K = 1000 \text{ OHMS}$ $M = 1 \text{ MEGOHM}$
 CAPACITANCE VALUES ONE & OVER IN MICRO-MICRO-
 FARADS, LESS THAN ONE IN MICROFARADS, UNLESS
 OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 \ominus SCREWDRIVER CONTROL



2N582, 2N645, 2N1372, 2N779



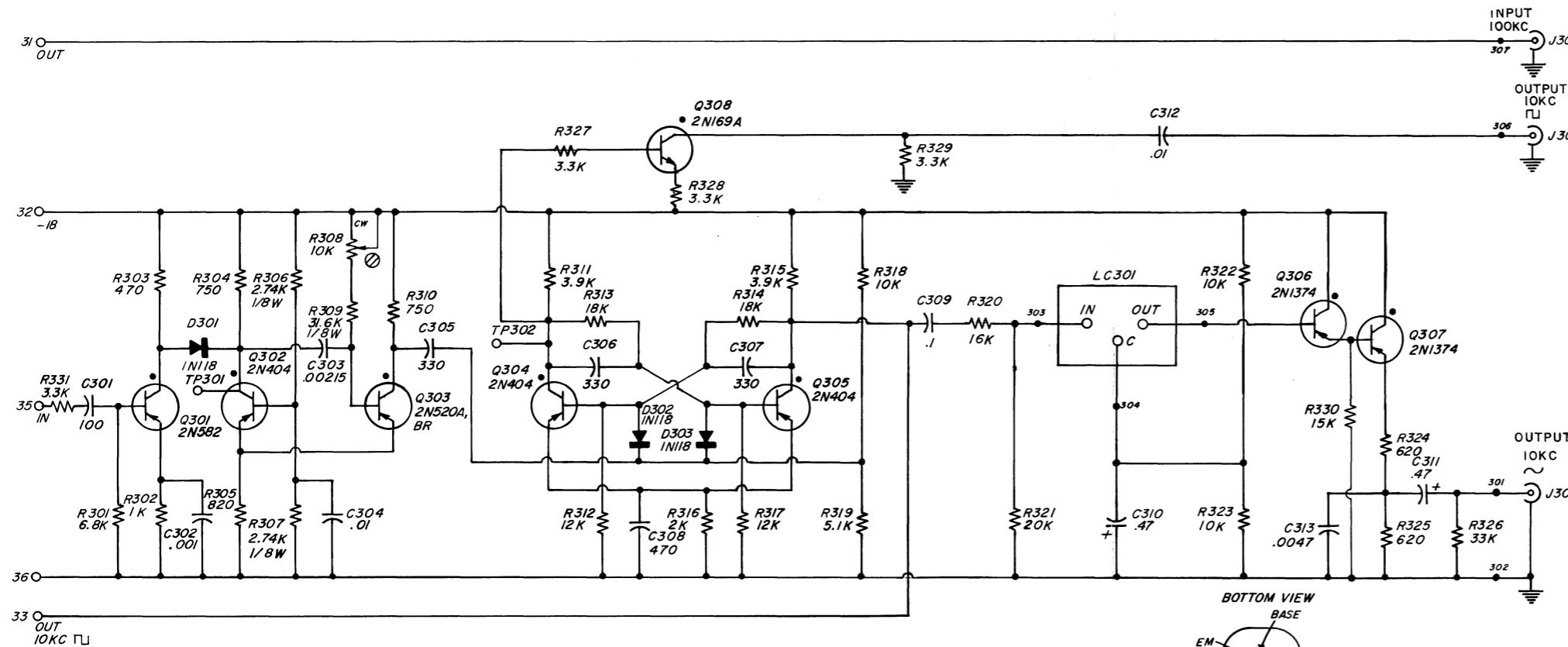
Block Diagram



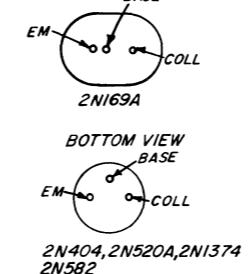
Etched Board Layout, Type 1114-P3 10-KC Plug-In Unit.

PARTS LIST
TYPE 1114-P3 10-KC PLUG-IN UNIT

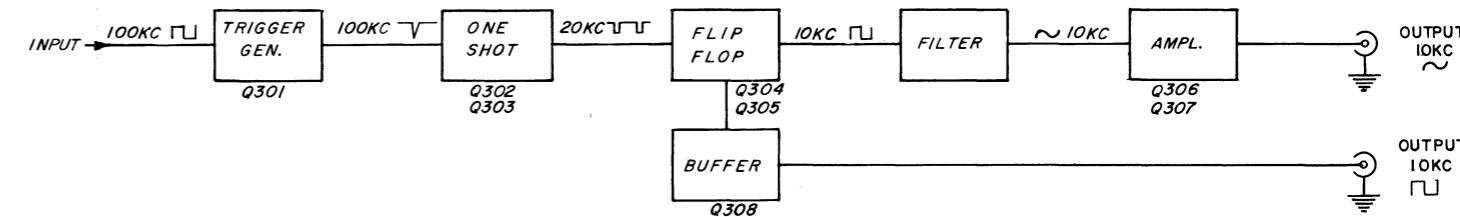
REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.	REF NO.	CAPACITORS	PART NO.
R301	Composition, $6.8k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2685	C301	Ceramic, $100pf \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4600
R302	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105	C302	Mica, $0.001\mu f \pm 10\%$ 500dcwv	4570-1200
R303	Composition, $470\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1475	C303	Mica, $0.00215\mu f \pm 2\%$ 500dcwv	4590-0850
R304	Composition, $750\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1755	C304	Ceramic, $0.01\mu f \pm 80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100
R305	Composition, $820\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1825	C305	Ceramic, $330pf \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R306	Film, $2.74k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/8w	6250-1274	C306	Ceramic, $330pf \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R307	Film, $2.74k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/8w	6250-1274	C307	Ceramic, $330pf \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R308	Potentiometer, Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 20\%$	6040-0700	C308	Ceramic, $470pf \pm 20\%$ 500dcwv	4404-1479
R309	Film, $31.6k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/8w	6250-2316	C309	Ceramic, $0.1\mu f \pm 80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4403-4100
R310	Composition, $750\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1755	C310	Electrolytic, $0.47\mu f \pm 20\%$ 75 V	4450-4310
R311	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395	C311	Electrolytic, $0.47\mu f \pm 20\%$ 75 V	4450-4310
R312	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125	C312	Ceramic, $0.01\mu f \pm 80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100
R313	Composition, $18k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3185	C313	Ceramic, $0.0047\mu f \pm 20\%$ 500dcwv	4406-2479
MISCELLANEOUS					
R314	Composition, $18k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3185	D301	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R315	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395	D302	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R316	Composition, $2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2205	D303	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R317	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125	J301	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
R318	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105	J302	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
R319	Composition, $5.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2515	J303	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
R320	Composition, $16k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3165	LC301	FILTER	1114-0413
R321	Composition, $20k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3205	Q301	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N582	8210-5820
R322	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105	Q302	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R323	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105	Q303	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N520A, BR	8210-5200
R324	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625	Q304	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R325	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625	Q305	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R326	Composition, $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3335	Q306	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R327	Composition, $3.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335	Q307	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R328	Composition, $3.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335	Q308	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N169A	8210-1692
R329	Composition, $3.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335			
R330	Composition, $15k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3155			
R331	Composition, $3.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335			

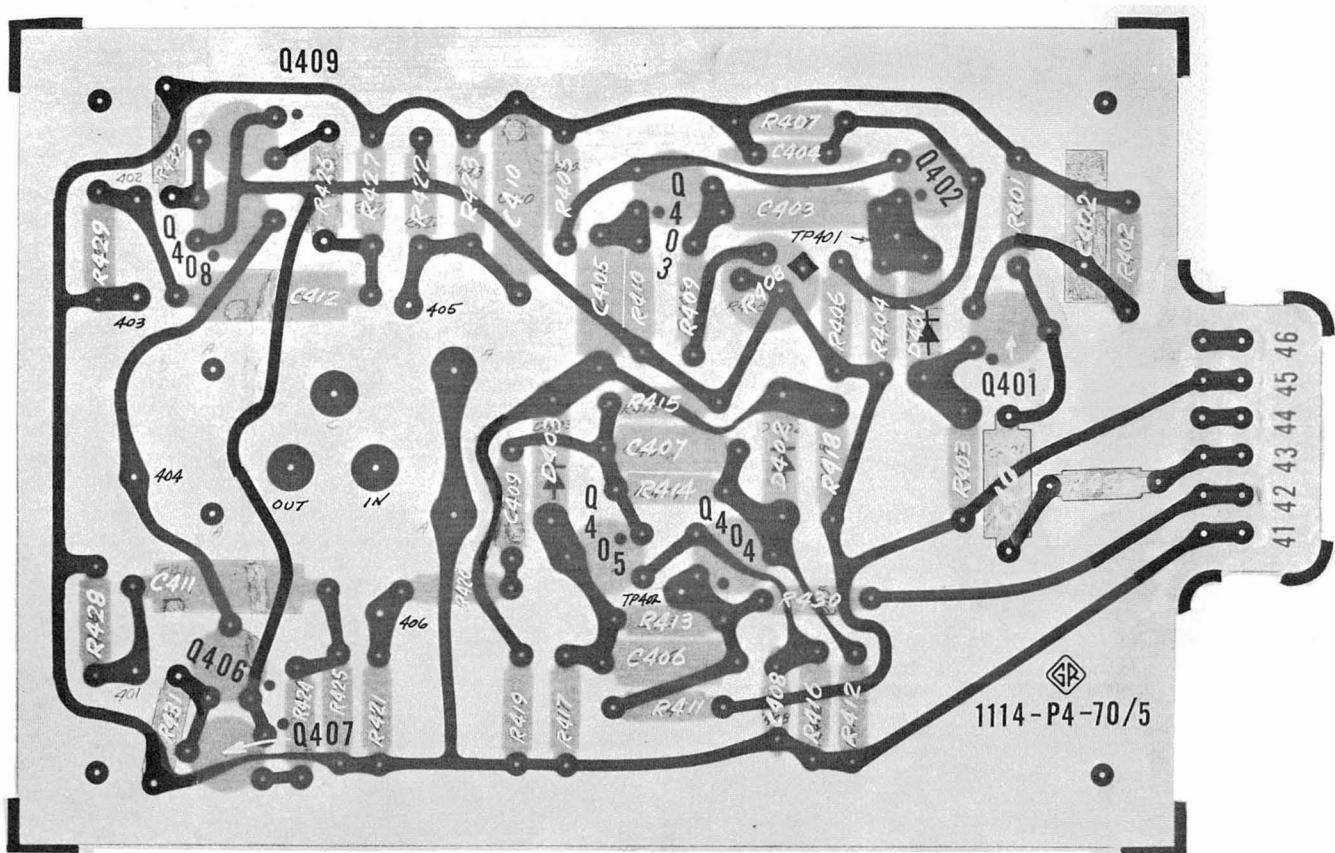


NOTES:
 RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 RESISTANCE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 $K=1000$ OHMS $M=1$ MEGOHM
 CAPACITANCE VALUES ONE & OVER IN MICRO-
 MICROFARADS LESS THAN ONE IN MICROFARADS,
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 \odot SCREWDRIVER CONTROL



Block Diagram



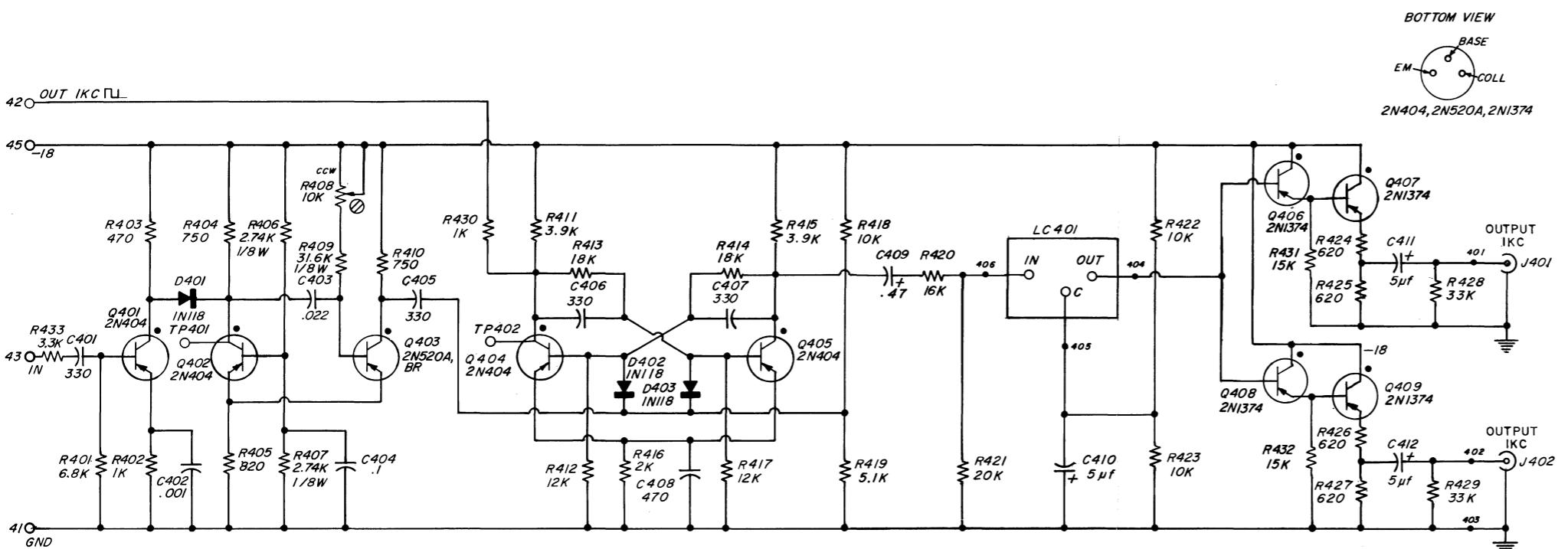


Etched Board Layout, Type 1114-P4 1-KC Plug-In Unit.

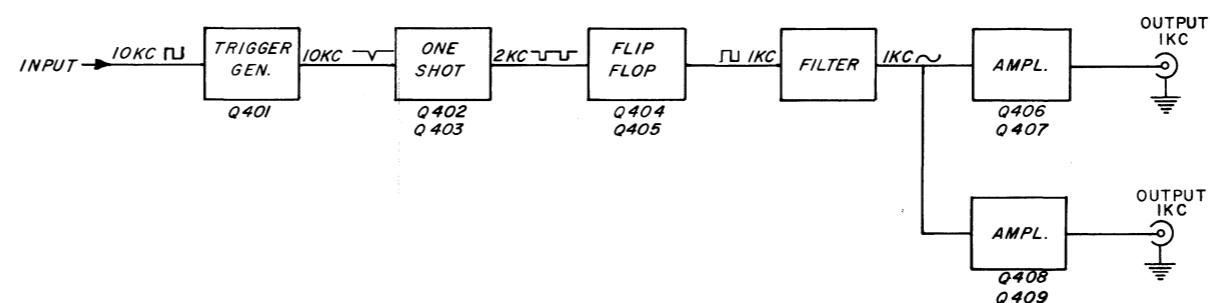
PARTS LIST
TYPE 1114-P4 1-KC PLUG-IN UNIT

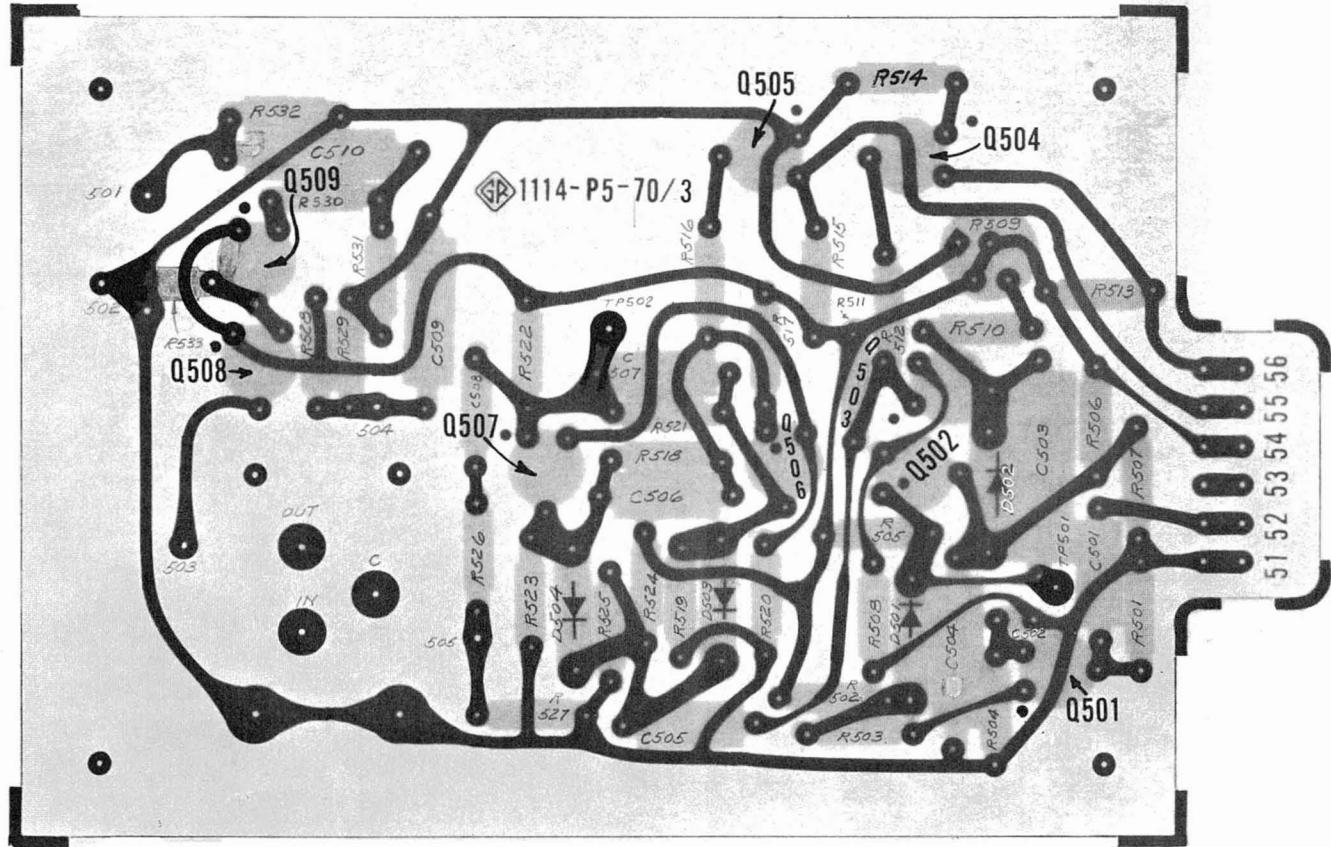
REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.	REF NO.	CAPACITORS	PART NO.
R401	Composition, $6.8k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2685	C401	Ceramic, $330\text{pf} \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R402	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105	C402	Mica, $0.001\mu\text{f} \pm 10\%$ 500dcwv	4570-1200
R403	Composition, $470\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1475	C403	Plastic, $0.022\mu\text{f} \pm 2\%$ 100dcwv	4860-7858
R404	Composition, $750\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1755	C404	Ceramic, $0.1\mu\text{f} +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4403-4100
R405	Composition, $820\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1825	C405	Ceramic, $330\text{pf} \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R406	Film, $2.74k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/8w	6250-1274	C406	Ceramic, $330\text{pf} \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R407	Film, $2.74k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/8w	6250-1274	C407	Ceramic, $330\text{pf} \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R408	Potentiometer, Composition, $10k\Omega, \pm 20\%$	6040-0700	C408	Ceramic, $470\text{pf} \pm 20\%$ 500dcwv	4404-1479
R409	Film, $31.6k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/8w	6250-2316	C409	Electrolytic, $0.47\mu\text{f} \pm 20\%$ 75V	4450-4310
R410	Composition, $750\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1755	C410	Electrolytic, $5\mu\text{f}$ 50dcwv	4450-3900
R411	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395	C411	Electrolytic, $5\mu\text{f}$ 50dcwv	4450-3900
R412	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125	C412	Electrolytic, $5\mu\text{f}$ 50dcwv	4450-3900
R413	Composition, $18k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3185			
R414	Composition, $18k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3185			
R415	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395			
R416	Composition, $2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2205			
R417	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125	D401	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R418	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105	D402	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R419	Composition, $5.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2515	D403	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R420	Composition, $16k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3165	J401	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
R421	Composition, $20k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3205	J402	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
R422	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105	LC401	FILTER	1114-0414
R423	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105			
R424	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625			
R425	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625	Q401	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R426	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625	Q402	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R427	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625	Q403	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N520A, BR	8210-5200
R428	Composition, $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3335	Q404	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R429	Composition, $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3335	Q405	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R430	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105	Q406	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R431	Composition, $15k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3155	Q407	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R432	Composition, $15k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3155	Q408	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R433	Composition, $4.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335	Q409	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374





Block Diagram

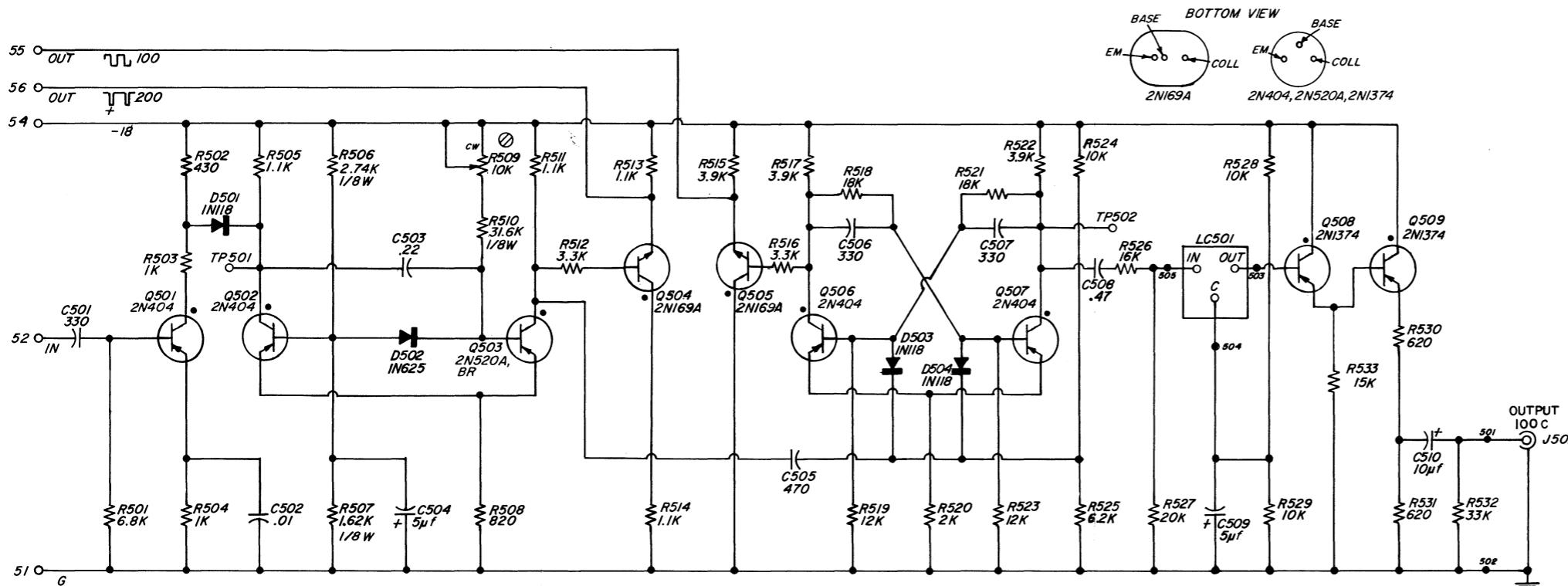




Etched Board Layout, Type 1114-P5 100-CPS Plug-In Unit.

PARTS LIST

REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.	REF NO.	CAPACITORS	PART NO.
R501	Composition, $6.8k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2685	C501	Ceramic, $330pf \pm 10\%$ NM 500dcwv	4400-4700
R502	Composition, $430\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1435	C502	Ceramic, $0.01\mu f +80-20\%$ 50dcwv	4401-3100
R503	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105	C503	Plastic, $0.22\mu f \pm 2\%$ 100dcwv	4860-7950
R504	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105	C504	Electrolytic, $5\mu f$ 50dcwv	4450-3900
R505	Composition, $1.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2115	C505	Ceramic, $470pf \pm 10\%$ 500dcwv	4400-4775
R506	Film, $2.74k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/w	6250-1274	C506	Ceramic, $330pf \pm 10\%$ 500dcwv	4400-4700
R507	Film, $1.62k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/w	6250-1162	C507	Ceramic, $330pf \pm 10\%$ 500dcwv	4400-4700
R508	Composition, $820\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1825	C508	Electrolytic, $0.47\mu f \pm 20\%$ 35dcwv	4450-4310
R509	Potentiometer, Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 20\%$	6040-0700	C509	Electrolytic, $5\mu f$ 50dcwv	4450-3900
R510	Film, $31.6k\Omega \pm 1\%$ 1/w	6250-2316	C510	Electrolytic, $10\mu f$ 25dcwv	4450-3800
R511	Composition, $1.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2115			
R512	Composition, $3.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335			
R513	Composition, $1.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2115			
R514	Composition, $1.1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2115			
R515	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395			
R516	Composition, $3.3k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2335			
R517	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395			
R518	Composition, $18k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3185			
R519	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125			
R520	Composition, $2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2205			
R521	Composition, $18k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3185			
R522	Composition, $3.9k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2395			
R523	Composition, $12k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3125			
R524	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105			
R525	Composition, $6.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2625			
R526	Composition, $16k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3165			
R527	Composition, $20k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3205			
R528	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105			
R529	Composition, $10k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3105			
R530	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625			
R531	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625			
R532	Composition, $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3335			
R533	Composition, $15k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3155			
				MISCELLANEOUS	
			D501	DIODE, Type 1N118	8200-1180
			D502	DIODE, Type 1N625	8200-6250
			D503	DIODE, Type 1N118	8200-1180
			D504	DIODE, Type 1N118	8200-1180
			J501	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
			LC501	FILTER	1114-0415
			Q501	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
			Q502	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
			Q503	TRANSISTOR, Type 520A, BR	8210-5200
			Q504	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N169A	8210-1692
			Q505	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N169A	8210-1692
			Q506	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
			Q507	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
			Q508	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
			Q509	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374

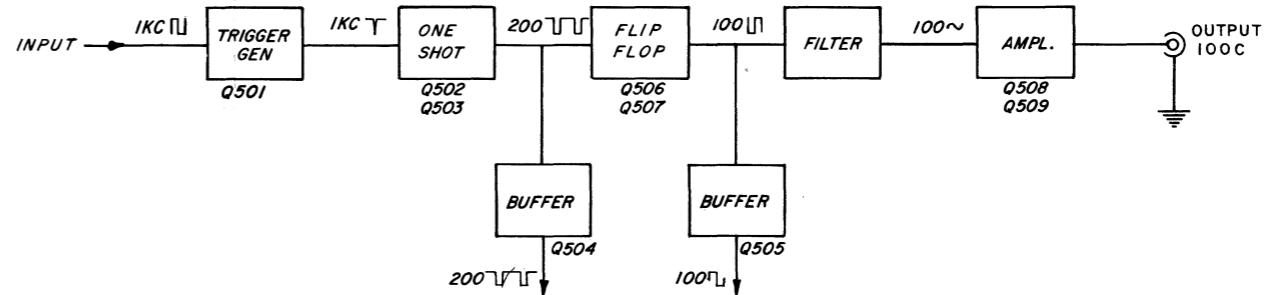


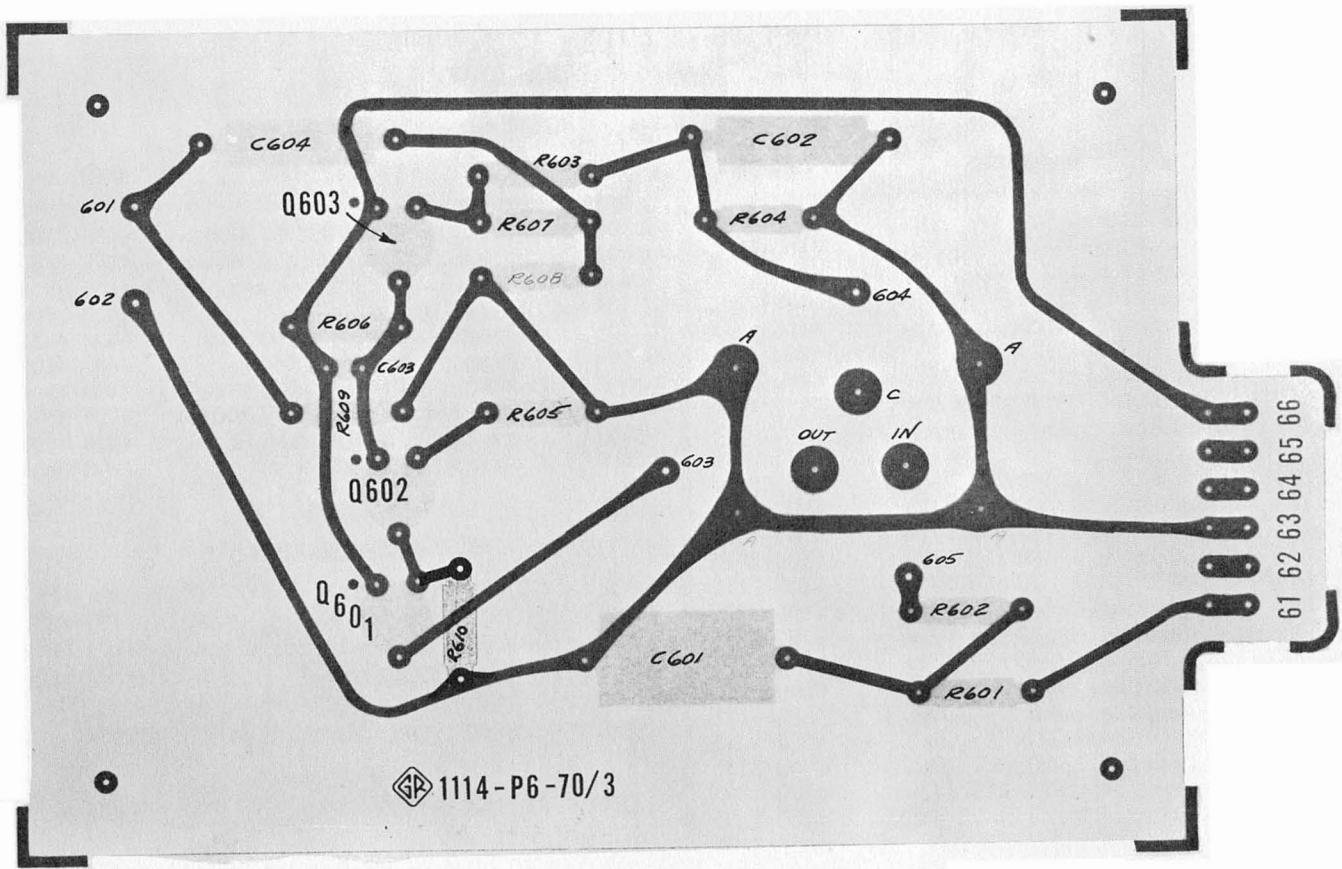
RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
RESISTANCE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 $K=1000$ $M=1$ MEGOHM

CAPACITANCE VALUES ONE AND OVER IN MICRO-
MICROFARADS, LESS THAN ONE IN MICROFARADS,
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

\odot SCREWDRIVER CONTROL

Block Diagram



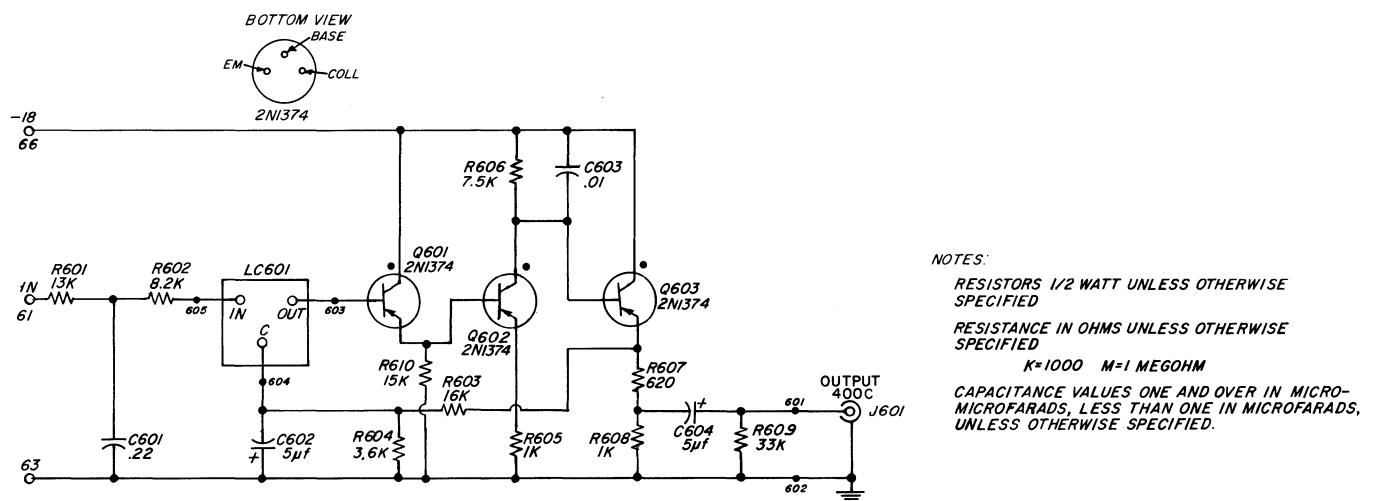


Etched Board Layout, Type 1114-P6 400-CPS Plug-In Unit.

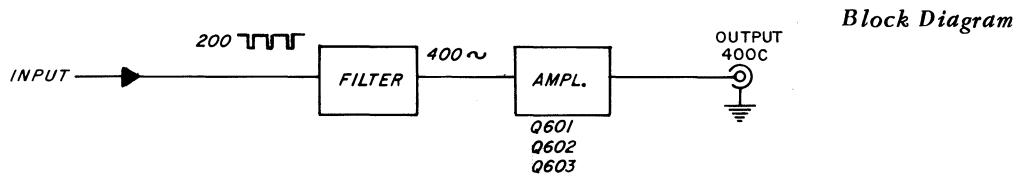
PARTS LIST
TYPE 1114-P6 400-CPS PLUG-IN UNIT

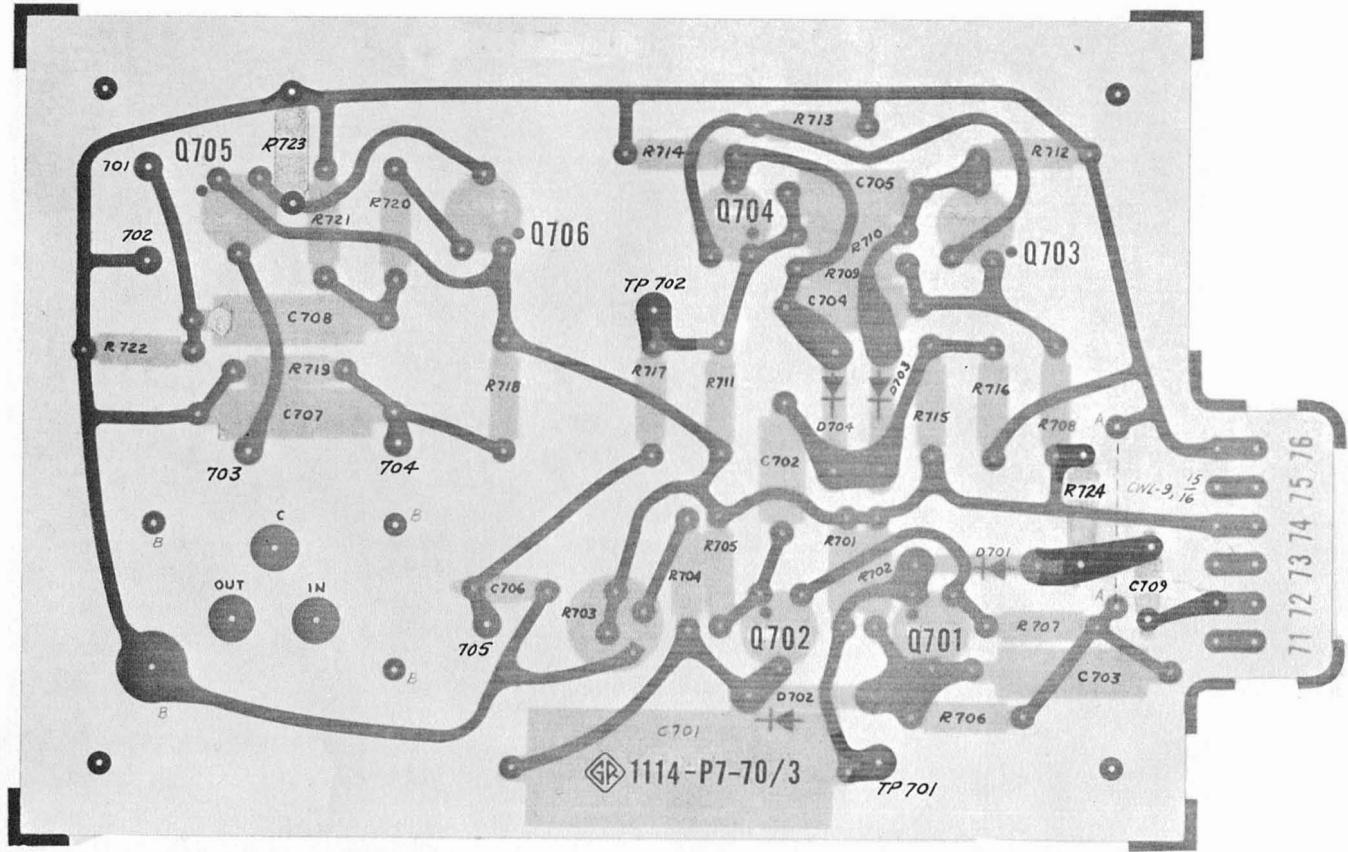
REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.
R601	Composition, $13k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3135
R602	Composition, $8.2k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2825
R603	Composition, $16k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3165
R604	Composition, $3.6k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2365
R605	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105
R606	Composition, $7.5k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2755
R607	Composition, $620\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-1625
R608	Composition, $1k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-2105
R609	Composition, $33k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3335
R610	Composition, $15k\Omega \pm 5\%$ 1/2w	6100-3155
CAPACITORS		
C601	Wax, $22\mu f \pm 10\%$ 1000dcvv	5010-3300
C602	Electrolytic, $5\mu f$ 50dcvv	4450-3900
C603	Ceramic, $0.01\mu f$ +80-20% 50dcvv	4401-3100
C604	Electrolytic, $5\mu f$ 50dcvv	4450-3900
MISCELLANEOUS		
J601	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
LC601	FILTER	1114-0416
Q601	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
Q602	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
Q603	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374





Schematic Diagram, Type 1114-P6 400-CPS Plug-In Unit

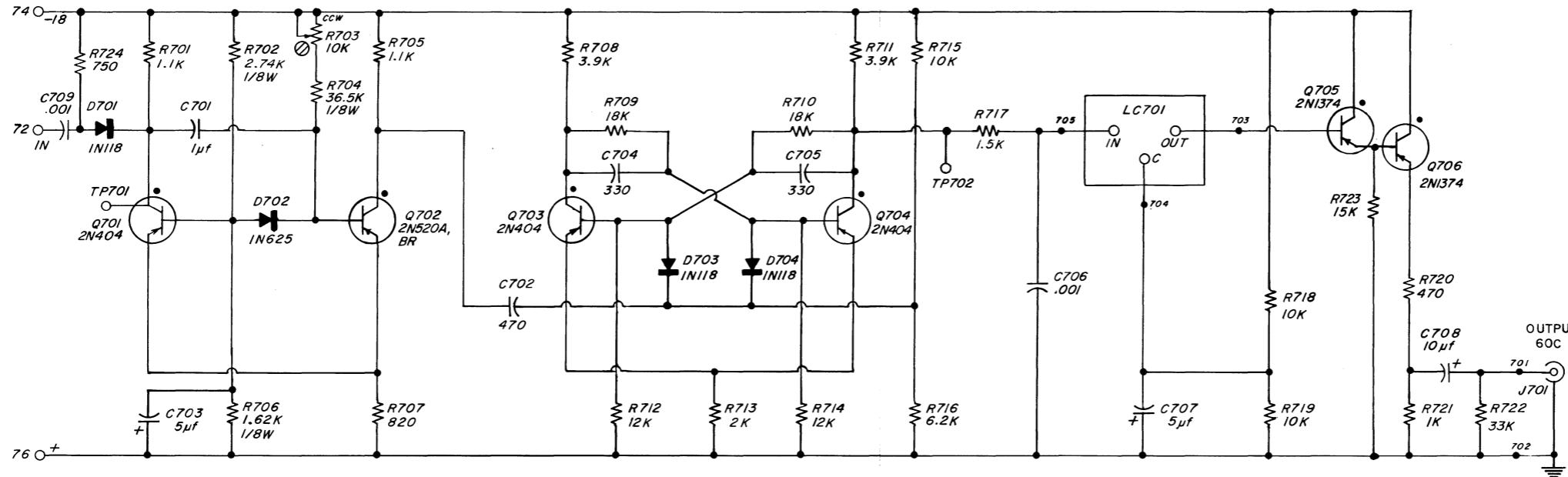




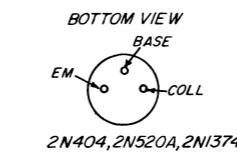
PARTS LIST
TYPE 1114-P7 60-CPS PLUG-IN UNIT

REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.	REF NO.	CAPACITORS	PART NO.
R701	Composition, 1.1kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2115	C701	Plastic, 1μf ±2% 100dcvv	4860-8251
R702	Film, 2.74kΩ ±1% 1/8w	6250-1274	C702	Ceramic, 470pf ±10%NM 500dcvv	4400-4775
R703	Potentiometer, Composition, 10kΩ ±20%	6040-0700	C703	Electrolytic, 5μf 50dcvv	4450-3900
R704	Film, 36.5kΩ ±1% 1/8w	6250-2365	C704	Ceramic, 330pf ±10%NM 500dcvv	4400-4700
R705	Composition, 1.1kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2115	C705	Ceramic, 330pf ±10%NM 500dcvv	4400-4700
R706	Film, 1.62kΩ ±5% 1/8w	6250-1162	C706	Ceramic, 0.001μf ±20% 500dcvv	4404-2109
R707	Composition, 820Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1825	C707	Electrolytic, 5μf 50dcvv	4450-3900
R708	Composition, 3.9kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2395	C708	Electrolytic, 10μf 25dcvv	4450-3800
R709	Composition, 18kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3185	C709	Ceramic, 0.001μf ±20% 500dcvv	4404-2109
R710	Composition, 18kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3185	MISCELLANEOUS		
R711	Composition, 3.9kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2395	D701	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R712	Composition, 12kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3125	D702	DIODE, Type 1N625	6082-1012
R713	Composition, 2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2205	D703	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R714	Composition, 12kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3125	D704	DIODE, Type 1N118A	6082-1006
R715	Composition, 10kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3105	J701	CONNECTOR, Coaxial Type 874	0874-4501
R716	Composition, 6.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2625	LC701	FILTER	1114-0417
R717	Composition, 5.6kΩ* ±5% 1/2w	6100-2565	Q701	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R718	Composition, 10kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3105	Q702	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N520A, BR	8210-5200
R719	Composition, 10kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3105	Q703	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R720	Composition, 470Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1475	Q704	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N404	8200-4040
R721	Composition, 1kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2105	Q705	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R722	Composition, 33kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3335	Q706	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R723	Composition, 15kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3155			
R724	Composition, 750Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1755			

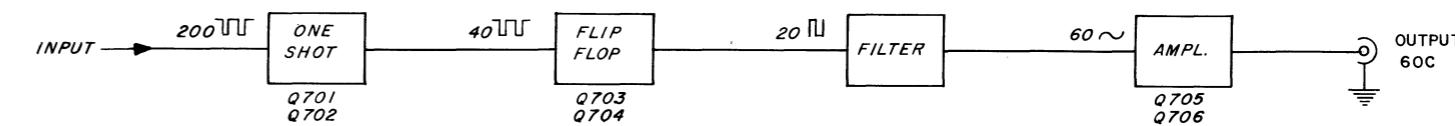
*Value may be changed at factory



NOTE:
 RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 RESISTANCE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
 $K = 1000$ $M = 1$ MEGOHM
 CAPACITANCE VALUES ONE & OVER IN MICRO-MICRO-
 FARADS, LESS THAN ONE IN MICROFARADS, UNLESS
 OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 \odot SCREWDRIVER CONTROL
 ANCHOR TERMINALS USED: 701, 702, 703, 704, 705



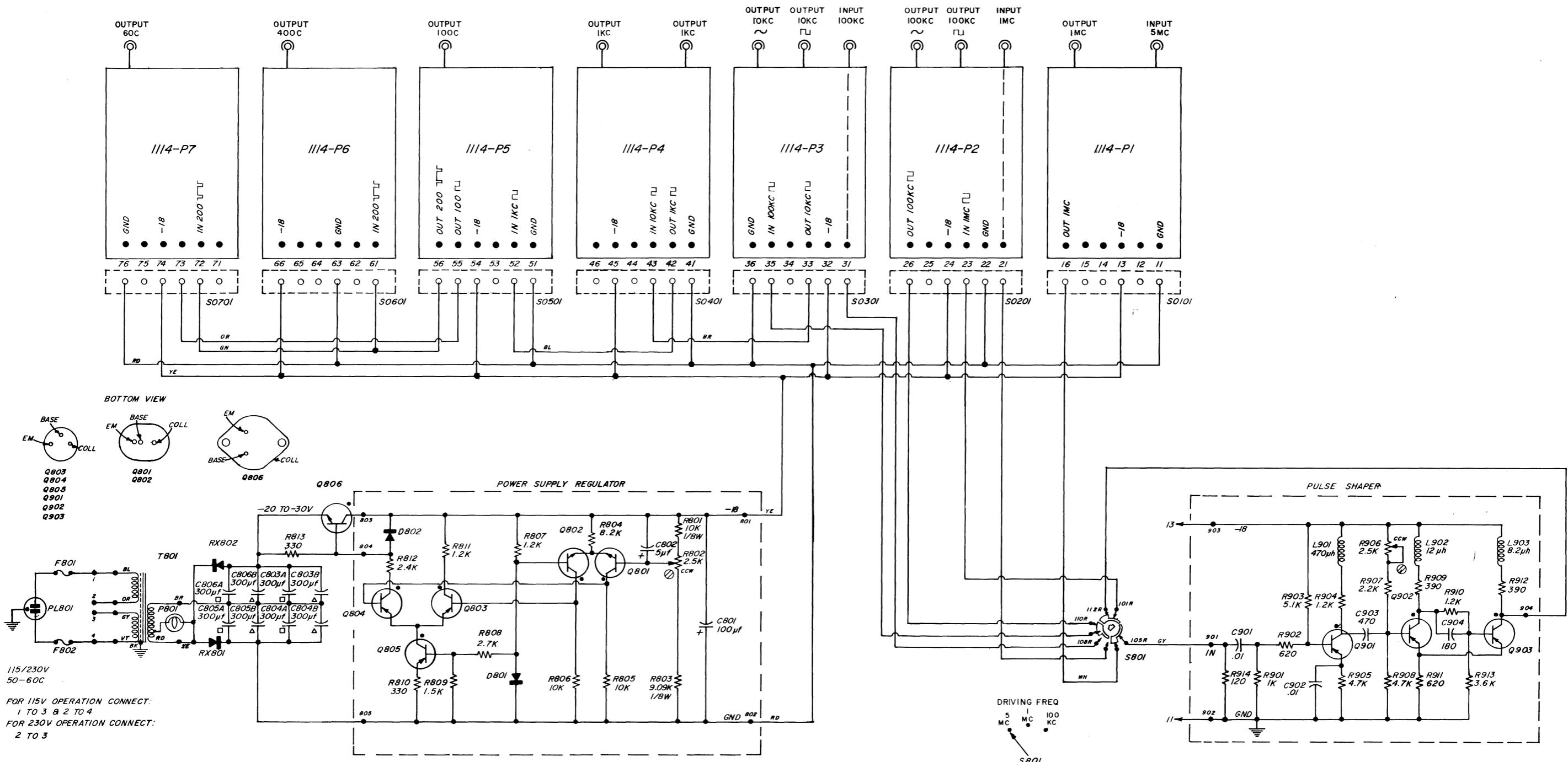
Block Diagram



PARTS LIST

TYPE 1114-A FREQUENCY DIVIDER

REF NO.	RESISTORS	PART NO.	REF NO.	CAPACITORS	PART NO.
R801	Film, 10kΩ ±1% 1/8w	6250-2100	C806	Electrolytic, 300µf 15dcwv	4450-2400
R802	Potentiometer, Composition, 2.5kΩ ±20%	6040-0500		Electrolytic, 300µf 15dcwv	
R803	Film, 9.09kΩ ±1% 1/8w	6250-1909	C901	Ceramic, 0.01µf +80-20% 50dcwv	4401-3100
R804	Composition, 8.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2825	C902	Ceramic, 0.01µf +80-20% 50dcwv	4401-3100
R805	Composition, 10kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3105	C903	Ceramic, 470pf ±20% 500dcwv	4404-1479
R806	Composition, 10kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-3105	C904	Ceramic, 180pf ±10% 500dcwv	4404-1188
R807	Composition, 1.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2125	MISCELLANEOUS		
R808	Composition, 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2275	D801	DIODE, Type SV129	6083-1010
R809	Composition, 1.5kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2155	D802	DIODE, Type 1N966	6083-1015
R810	Composition, 330Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1335	F801	FUSE for 115v: Slo-Blo, 1/10a for 230v: Slo-Blo, 1/16a	5330-0400 5330-0300
R811	Composition, 1.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2125	F802	FUSE for 115v: Slo-Blo, 1/10a for 230v: Slo-Blo, 1/16a	5330-0400 5330-0300
R812	Composition, 2.4kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2245	L901	CHOKE, Metal 470µh ±10%	4300-4890
R813	Composition, 330Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1335	L902	CHOKE, Metal 12µh ±10%	4300-2300
R901	Composition, 1kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2105	L903	CHOKE, Metal 8.2µh ±10%	4300-2100
R902	Composition, 680Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1685	P801	PILOT LIGHT, Mazda No. 44	5600-0700
R903	Composition, 5.1kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2515	Q801	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N169A	8210-1692
R904	Composition, 1.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2125	Q802	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N169A	8210-1692
R905	Composition, 4.7kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2475	Q803	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R906	Potentiometer, Composition, 2.5kΩ ±20%	6040-0500	Q804	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R907	Composition, 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2225	Q805	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1374	8210-1374
R908	Composition, 4.7kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2475	Q806	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N1218	8210-1218
R909	Composition, 390Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1395	Q901	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N582	8210-5820
R910	Composition, 1.2kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2125	Q902	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N711A	8210-7111
R911	Composition, 620Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1625	Q903	TRANSISTOR, Type 2N711A	8210-7111
R912	Composition, 390Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1395	RX801	RECTIFIER, Type 1N3253	6081-1001
R913	Composition, 3.6kΩ ±5% 1/2w	6100-2365	RX802	RECTIFIER, Type 1N3253	6081-1001
R914	Composition, 120Ω ±5% 1/2w	6100-1125	S801	SWITCH, Rotary Wafer	7890-2090
CAPACITORS			T801	TRANSFORMER	0745-4200
C801	Electrolytic, 100µf 25dcwv	4450-2300			
C802	Electrolytic, 5µf 50dcwv	4450-3900			
C803	Electrolytic, 300µf 15dcwv	4450-2400			
C804	Electrolytic, 300µf 15dcwv	4450-2400			
C805	Electrolytic, 300µf 15dcwv	4450-2400			
	Electrolytic, 300µf 15dcwv				



TYPE 874 COAXIAL COMPONENTS

TYPE 874 CABLE CONNECTORS						TYPE 874 ADAPTORS	
APPLICABLE CABLE TYPES	CONNECTOR TYPE	CABLE	CABLE LOCKING	PANEL FLANGED	PANEL LOCKING	TO TYPE	874-
	874-A2	-CA	-CLA	-PBA	-PLA	-PRLA	
	RG-8A/U RG-9B/U RG-10A/U RG-87A/U RG-116/U RG-156/U RG-165/U RG-166/U RG-213/U RG-214/U RG-215/U RG-225/U RG-227/U						
	RG-11A/U RG-12A/U RG-13A/U RG-63B/U RG-79B/U RG-89/U RG-144/U RG-146/U RG-149/U RG-216/U	-C8A	-CL8A	-PB8A	-PL8A	-PRL8A	
	874-A3 RG-29/U RG-55/U (Series) RG-58/U (Series) RG-141A/U RG-142A/U RG-159/U RG-223/U	-C58A	-CL58A	-PB58A	-PL58A	-PRL58A	
	RG-59/U RG-62/U (Series) RG-71B/U RG-140/U RG-210/U	-C62A	-CL62A	-PB62A	-PL62A	-PRL62A	
	RG-174/U RG-188/U RG-316/U RG-161/U RG-187/U RG-179/U	-C174A	-CL174A	-PB174A	-PL174A	-PRL174A	
	Example: For a locking cable connector for RG-8A/U, order Type 874-CL8A.						
							* Locking Type 874 Connector.
						Example: To connect Type 874 to a Type N jack, order Type 874-QNP.	
OTHER COAXIAL ELEMENTS							
TYPE 874-		TYPE 874-		TYPE 874-		CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY TOOLS	
A2 A3 D20L, D50L EL, EL - L F185L F500L F1000L F2000L F4000L G3, G3L G6, G6L G10, G10L G20, G20L GAL H500L H1000L H2000L JR K, KL L10, L10L L20, L20L L30, L30L LAL LK10L, LK20L	50 Ω cable (low loss) 50 Ω cable 20-, 50-cm adjustable stubs 90° ell 185-Mc low-pass filter 500-Mc low-pass filter 1000-Mc low-pass filter 2000-Mc low-pass filter 4000-Mc low-pass filter 3-, 6-, 10-, & 20-db attenuators adjustable attenuator isolator isolator isolator rotary joint coupling capacitor 10-, 20-, & 30-cm rigid air lines 33-58 cm adjustable line constant-Z adjustable lines	LR LTL ML MB MR, MRL R20A, R20LA R22A, R22LA R33 R34 T, TL UBL VCL VI VQ, VQL VR, VRL W100 W200 W50, W50L WN, WN3 WO, WO3 X XL Y Z	radiating line trombone constant-Z line component mount coupling probe mixer-rectifier patch cord, double coax patch cord, double coax patch cord, single coax patch cord, single coax tee balun variable capacitor voltmeter indicator voltmeter detector voltmeter rectifier 100-Ω termination 200-Ω termination 50-Ω termination short-circuit terminations open-circuit terminations insertion unit series inductor cliplock stand	TYPE 874-	FUNCTION	TOK TOS8 TO8	Tool Kit Crimping Tool Crimping Tool
MISCELLANEOUS COAXIAL CONNECTORS							
CONNECTOR TYPE	TYPE NO.	USED WITH					
Basic	874-B	50-ohm Air Line					
Basic Locking	874-BL	50-ohm Air Line					
Panel Locking	874-PLT	Wire Lead					
Panel Locking Recessed	874-PRLT	Wire Lead					
Panel Locking Feedthrough	874-PFL	Type 874 Patch Cords					

L suffix indicates locking Type 874 Connector.

FOR COMPLETE DETAILS, REFER TO THE GENERAL RADIO CATALOG.





GENERAL RADIO COMPANY

WEST CONCORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01781

617 369-4400

617 646-7400

SALES ENGINEERING OFFICES

NEW ENGLAND*

22 Baker Avenue
West Concord, Massachusetts 01781
Telephone 617 646-0550

METROPOLITAN NEW YORK*

Broad Avenue at Linden
Ridgefield, New Jersey 07657
Telephone N.Y. 212 964-2722
N.J. 201 943-3140

SYRACUSE

Pickard Building
East Molloy Road
Syracuse, New York 13211
Telephone 315 454-9323

PHILADELPHIA

Fort Washington Industrial Park
Fort Washington, Pennsylvania 19034
Telephone 215 646-8030

WASHINGTON* and BALTIMORE

11420 Rockville Pike
Rockville, Maryland 20852
Telephone 301 946-1600

ORLANDO

113 East Colonial Drive
Orlando, Florida 32801
Telephone 305 425-4671

CHICAGO*

6605 West North Avenue
Oak Park, Illinois 60302
Telephone 312 848-9400

CLEVELAND

5579 Pearl Road
Cleveland, Ohio 44129
Telephone 216 886-0150

LOS ANGELES*

1000 North Seward Street
Los Angeles, California 90038
Telephone 213 469-6201

SAN FRANCISCO

1186 Los Altos Avenue
Los Altos, California 94022
Telephone 415 948-8233

DALLAS*

2600 Stemmons Freeway, Suite 210
Dallas, Texas 75207
Telephone 214 637-2240

TORONTO*

99 Floral Parkway
Toronto 15, Ontario, Canada
Telephone 416 247-2171

MONTREAL

1255 Laird Boulevard
Town of Mount Royal, Quebec, Canada
Telephone 514 737-3673

* Repair services are available at these offices.

General Radio Company (Overseas), 8008 Zurich, Switzerland
General Radio Company (U.K.) Limited, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, England
Representatives in Principal Overseas Countries